The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXVIII. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1905. NO 17.

CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER X.

ITINERARY RECORD.

July 25, marched from Manasses Gap to White Plains, twenty miles, from day-break to three p. m. Clear, very hot day.

July 26, Sunday, marched all day, from White Plains to the vicinity of Warranton, Va., twenty miles. Clear, warm; dreadful dust.

July 30, marched from 5 p. m. to 11 p. m., ten miles and camped at Elkton, Va., at 11 p. m. Fine day; rain in the evening.

July 31, moved to Morrisville, Va., eight miles, and put up regular camp. Fine, yet hot day.

August 4, 1863, moved camp two miles. Clear, hot; dreadful storm in the evening.

August 31, marched to Richard's Ford, twenty miles down the Rappahannock, and bivouacked. Clear and hot.

August 31 to Sept. 1, Port Conway Expedition.

Sept. 1, 1863, fight at Richard's Ford, Va. Fine day.

Sept. 4, return to camp at Morrisville, twenty miles. Fine day.

Sept. 12, marched to Rappahannock Station, ten miles. Heavy rain afternoon and night.

Sept. 13, Sunday, crossed the Rappahannock at the Station and moved to Brandy Station, Va., six miles.

Sept. 14, moved to Culpeper Court House, six miles.

Sept. 17, moved to Cedar Mountain on the Rapidan river, ten miles.

October 6, 1863, marched fifteen miles from two a. m. to noon and camped near Culpeper.

October 10, marched back to the Rapidan, sixteen miles, to support the 3d corps in battle; rainy day.

October 11, Sunday, marched from 2 a. m. to 10 p. m., thirty miles, from the Rapidan to Rappahannock Station. Clear, cool day.

October 12, in afternoon we marched to and across the Rappahannock river, drove the Rebs back four miles. Day's march, ten miles.

October 13, marched rapidly in retreat from midnight till ten o'clock p. m, thirty miles, and bivouacked on Cedar Run, near Auburn Mills.

October 14, Cedar Run to Bristoe Station, ten miles. Fight at Auburn Mills and Bristoe Station.

October 15, Bristoe Station to Centreville, Va., twenty miles. Rainy.

October 19, Centreville to Bristoe Station, twenty miles. Clear, cool.

October 20, Bristoe Station to Auburn Mills, eight miles; fine day.

October 21, Auburn Mills to Warrenton, Va., fifteen miles. Fair.

November 7, 1863, marched from 1 o'clock a. m. to 5 p. m. from Warrenton, by Warrenton Junction and Bealton Station, to Kelly's Ford on the Rappahannock river, thirty miles. Bleak, cold day.

November 8, Kelly's Ford to near Brandy Station, ten miles. Cold.

November 26, Brandy Station, south, crossed the Rapidan river at Germania Ford and bivouacked. Clear, very cold.

November 27, marched a ten mile curve to the crossing of the Wilderness, Chancellorsville road and Mine Run. Clouded and very cold.

November 29, meandered ten miles more to the Chancellorsville, Fredericksburg road, went on skirmish line five miles west of New Hope Church. Cold, rainy; blew up very cold. A great deal of skirmishing and fighting along the outer line.

November 30, moved to the picket line at one o'clock in the morning.

December 2, 1863, marched from eight o'clock in the evening, Dec. 1st, all night and all next day, Dec. 2d; reached our old camp in the evening, via New Hope Church, Parkers Store, Woodville Mine on Wilderness Run, crossed the Rapidan river at Culpeper Mine Ford, thence by way of Richardsville, Shepherds Grove P. O. to camp, over thirty miles. This was a wild goose chase on a grand scale. Many soldiers froze hands and feet, and wounded froze to death.

May 3, 1864, in winter quarters Dec. 2d, 1863, to May 3d, 1864. Broke camp after night and moved to the camp of the 4th Brigade, 1st Div., 2d Corps, near Stevensburg, Va.

May 4, packed up and waiting till midnight, when the Division left camp at Stevensburg (Paoli church) and marched southeast, twenty miles, crossing the Rapidan river on pontoon bridge at Ely's Ford, at day-break May 5; reached Chancellorsville at 10 a. m. and formed lines of battle just in front of the ruins of the Chancellorsville Mansion, burned during the battle here just a year before. The great battle in the Wilderness begins.

May 5, moved at ten a. m. about six miles to new position, near Rose Mountain, a few miles west of Todds Tavern. Meandered, manoeuvered and built breast works all day. Great battle continued; regiment not engaged.

May 6, manoeuvered, meandered, fortified and skirmished over the same ground all day and returned to our first position in the evening. With this day ended the great battle in the Wilderness, which was against us. Union loss about twenty thousand men; enemy's loss ten thousand.

May 7, in the works all day; skirmishing kept up. Marched toward Todds Tavern late in the night. One man of the regiment killed.

May 8, Sunday, reached Todds Tavern in the morning. Great battle around Spotsylvania begins. Meandered fifteen miles.

May 9, marched about eight miles toward Spotsylvania C. H., formed lines of battle and fortified. Left the works and crossed the Po River. Marched, shifted and skirmished constantly all day. Regiment lost twenty men. Great battle of Spotsylvania continues.

May 10, marched and manoeuvered all day; changing position constantly. The 148th P. V. fought the battle at Po River and lost one hundred and sixty-eight men in killed, wounded and prisoners; a useless, needless sacrifice.

May 11, great battle at Spotsylvania continues. The Regiment took a new position in the morning and had a quiet day. At about ten o'clock at night marching orders were received. It was raining; marched to a point at Spotsylvania, where the 2d Corps of about twenty thousand men, in rain and deep darkness, formed for a grand charge on one of the enemy's main Salients and waited for morning.

May 12, at the break of day, in a dense fog, the 148th with the 2d Corps charged and carried the Salient, took three thousand prisoners, twenty flags, twenty-four guns and several thousand small arms. The Salient was held against repeated counter attacks. With this day the great battle of Spotsylvania, Va., ended, with a loss of ten thousand on each side. Regiment lost one hundred and sixty-seven men.

In Memory of Sarah Arney.

Progress Grange, No. 96, P. of H., Centre Hall, April 15th, 1905, adopted the following resolutions:

The Divine will has again bowed our hearts in sorrow. Death has taken from among us our beloved sister, Sarah Arney.

Sister Arney was a devoted and faithful member of Progress Grange, for many years, being one of the charter members.

The Order has sustained a grievous loss, and its members mourn for a kind and sincere friend. Her cheering words of encouragement endeared her to all, and her kind thoughtfulness for others will be held in loving remembrance.

With our hearts filled with sorrow,

Therefore, be it resolved that Progress Grange extend its sincere sympathy to Brother Arney and family in this hour of their great bereavement, and praying that the All Wise Father will comfort and sustain them.

Resolved that our charter be draped in mourning, a page in our journal be set apart to the memory of Sister Arney, and a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to Brother Arney.

Deaths in Adjoining Counties.

In Philadelphia, Dr. William R. Bell, formerly of Lewistown. He was a member of Co. G, 184th P. V.

In Brown township, Mifflin county, Linnie May, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Carson.

At the German Hospital, Philadelphia, John D. Lotzgeselle, son of Adam and Anna C. Lotzgeselle, aged forty-five years.

At Burnham, Elsie, little daughter of W. F. and Bessie M. McCay.

In Lewistown, Mrs. Anna C., wife of J. J. Parker, aged fifty-six years.

In Vicksburg, George M. Slear, aged eighty years.

In Lewisburg, Abraham W. Farley, aged seventy-one years.

In Lewisburg, Sarah D., widow of the late John F. Zellers, deceased, aged sixty-eight years.

At Millmont, Caroline, wife of Charles H. Orwig, aged fifty-six years.

At Buffalo Roads, Daniel Gephart, aged seventy-six years.

At West Milton, Margaret A., wife of John Leiser, aged thirty-seven years.

In Mifflinburg, Hiram Klinger, aged fifty-three years, ten months.

In Mifflinburg, Ella I., wife of Orlando Dieffenbach, aged forty-nine years, eleven months.

LOCALS.

The fortune hunter never needs a guide.

Claude K. Stahl, beginning of this week, went to Altoona.

McClure's for May offers a great variety of good things. It's a far cry from Lincoln Steffens' story of how New Jersey came to be the haven of corporations—and a mighty unpleasant story it is—to William James's delightful and, of course, distinguished appreciation of one of the truly great men of our time, Thomas Davidson.

ELECTION OF SUPERINTENDENT.

The Present Incumbent Invites Criticism by Permitting an Unsigned Circular Letter Containing Innuendoes and Falsehoods to be Mailed Particular Directors.

Prof. C. L. Gramley, who first announced that he would be willing to accept another term of the Superintendency of Public Schools of Centre county in the most modest manner, has at the eleventh hour permitted his real self to dominate his better judgment and is out flat-footed for another term of office. No one denies his right to be a candidate. Such a thought would be foolish. But everyone has a right to expect an incumbent to conduct his campaign for re-election openly, fairly and honestly.

It was the Reporter's intention to permit the selection of a county superintendent, to take place next Tuesday, to pass by with the remarks printed in last week's issue of this paper, but the circular letter, issued in Mr. Gramley's interest, invites criticism. He may *disclaim* all knowledge of its contents and origin, but, nevertheless, he is responsible for it as truly as he would share its benefits were there any to be derived.

Mr. Gramley has opened the ball by permitting an unsigned letter to be published in his behalf, and his program will close with an utter rout, a humiliating defeat.

In exercising their privilege at the approaching convention of school directors, each director should carefully consider the situation, the ability of the several candidates and the feeling on the question throughout the county. The present superintendent has held office for a period of about thirteen years, during which time have the public schools progressed with the times? The argument is made that long term of office, especially applied to schools, is not a hindrance—a cry chorused by all office-holders, whether good, bad or indifferent. The Reporter believes in resignations. New men have new ideas.

In salary Mr. Gramley has been paid, roughly estimated, the snug sum of $21,000—an amount mentioned here not for argument but merely to state a fact.

Mr. Gramley has been an aggressive official in more ways than one. He is acknowledged to have become a political factor in the Republican party, and to assume such a role must of necessity be detrimental to school work. This point needs no argument, the thought of mixing schools and politics at once suggests the immensity of the error.

The dictatorial manner of holding examinations and arrogance displayed when visiting schools would have been openly criticised instead of privately by the teachers of Centre county but for fear—a well grounded fear—that future examinations would reduce their standing in the profession. And this fear was entertained under conditions where confidence should have been inspired and insolence and lording a stranger.

Prof. David O. Etters, of Bellefonte, announced himself, several months ago, a candidate for county superintendent, and since that time has made a thorough canvass of the county. Mr. Etters is well known to all school people in the county and his interests have always been those pertaining to school matters. He served the people of this county as superintendent of public schools for two and one-half years, and the effect of his work then has ever since been felt in the schools. He was popular both with the teachers and the directors of the county.

The teachers at their county institute in 1890 expressed their appreciation of Mr. Etters as an official by passing the following resolutions:

Resolved: That we congratulate the school directors of Centre county in selecting Prof. D. O. Etters as superintendent. In him we have a man of unquestioned ability and untiring energy and we pledge him our heartiest co-operation and support.

The directors assembled in convention in 1891 expressed their confidence in the man who is now asking the present directors for their support, by adopting the following:

Resolved: That we endorse the course pursued by Prof. D. O. Etters, superintendent of public schools of the county, in the examination of teachers and express the belief that the course pursued by him is now giving and will continue to give to the schools of the county a more thorough and efficient corps of teachers.

The above fairly represents the standing of Mr. Etters among the teachers, it also represents the sentiment that prevailed among the directors when he was holding office. This confidence will be reasserted by the directors who will assemble in convention Tuesday next.

It may be further said, so that no one may be able to accuse the Reporter of being opposed to Mr. Gramley for political reasons, that Mr. Etters, whose candidacy this paper favors because of his superior fitness, is a Republican in politics, but this confidence is placed in him that he will not play politics at the expense of the public schools.

BIOGRAPHY OF REV. LEWIS ROBB.

Pastor Reformed Mission Church, Wilkinsburg, Pa.

The country and the city being mutually dependent upon each other, the one laying the foundation of a strong character by teaching virtue, a love of independence, and opening before the young mind the great book of nature, life and growth, its meaning and destiny; the other consuming and stimulating, developing and destroying what the country supplies, it becomes a matter of self-preservation in this busy age of commercialism when men are clamoring for riches, striving after the superficial and setting up false standards of social life, to hold before the coming generation the pure and successful lives of those who, being true to their early ideals and environment, have elevated society and thereby added lustre to the community that has sent them forth.

At this season of the year when the schools of higher education of almost every township in this valley and county are filled with pupils of wholesome ambition, it may be profitable to give a brief sketch of one who himself is a product of just such academic training and an exponent of the energy and enthusiasm that the country sends to the city—the Rev. Lewis Robb.

His parents, Peter and Catharine Robb, are natives of Germany; of that thrifty and moral class of people of Northern Europe who have made America great. They were among the pioneer settlers of the northern part of Curtin township. Lewis when a boy helped clear the land, absorbing the strength of his native hills and the pure moral ideals which originate from the German home.

To Prof. D. M. Wolf, who in his capacity as county superintendent, oftimes visited his father's home, and preached in the little church at Romola, more than to any one else, does he owe his desire for a higher education. Mr. Robb retains very vivid impressions of a sermon that Dr. Wolf preached on "The righteous shall flourish as the palmtree."

He attended the academy at Walker, taught by Prof. Frank Wetzel; one term in Centre Hall, and at Penn Hall, under Prof. Wolf. After graduating from Franklin & Marshall College with first honors he was principal of the academy at Spring Mills, also at Mifflinburg for two years. Desiring to follow teaching as his profession he was associated with Dr. N. C. Schaeffer at a collegiate institute at Myerstown.

But he was designed for a different profession. True to his convictions he accordingly spent two years at the theological seminary at Lancaster. Receiving a call to St. John's Reformed mission church in Williamsport, he entered upon his work in 1889. As a missionary pastor he has built up a strong constituency and developed his own resources of mind and heart. This strenuous work has won for him an enviable place in the home mission field. At the end of four years he had brought the church to a self-supporting basis and then entered upon a similar but more difficult task at Trinity mission in Altoona. This congregation of more than five hundred members, second to none in Potomac synod in its benevolent operations, is his crowning work.

In 1893 he was married to Miss Anna Dieffenbacher, of Turbutville, a woman of a diversity of talents, a skillful musician, cultured and full of tact. Before their people they set the example of an ideal home life.

As a preacher he is resourceful and practical. His sermons are concentrated, ofttimes developing only one idea. There is weight in what he says; he has experienced it in his own life. He always reaches a point. After discussing with one of his members the church doctrine in regard to salvation he may elucidate this theme in his Sunday evening sermon and make the Bible meaning so plain that there is no room for controversy. Again he may be riding on the train through Bald Eagle Valley, contemplating the resources of his native mountains and, applying his inferences to the spiritual resources of the kingdom, base his Sunday morning sermon on the theme "The relation of the natural to the spiritual."

His affectionate look and unselfish life win friends. It is a great pleasure to him to know that he has been a blessing to many people in showing them the higher things of life.

In March he became pastor of Trinity Reformed church, Wilkinsburg, a suburb of Pittsburg,—one of the most cosmopolitan cities in the world, along whose avenues intersect all the belts of civilization. Into this pastorate he is putting the accumulated energy of more than fifteen years' experience. Being still classed among the younger men of the ministry he will there have opportunities to develop his life on all sides.

This article has not been written to exalt the ministry above other professions, but to show how teachers and leaders of society multiply themselves, and because a life like this is worthy of emulation.

UNFAIR CRITICISM.

The Board of Health Abused Because It Seeks to Protect Citizens.

There is a disposition on the part of the less thoughtful and those inclined to place self interest above the welfare of all others to criticise, harshly and unwisely, the local board of health. These in most instances are egged on by a detestable element who, it appears, are a tolerated evil in all small towns and villages. Reference is made here to the action of certain individuals who have made themselves unnecessarily obnoxious in criticising the local board of health for enforcing the quarantine rules in one or two instances.

Men of dwarfed minds, it must be admitted, can not see the necessity of placing under quarantine persons who have merely been exposed to contagious and infectious diseases. The man who thinks, however, will not need to stop to debate the matter to arrive at the conclusion that persons who have been exposed to diseases that may become epidemic should not be permitted to come in contact with others who have not been so unfortunate.

The board of health has ample power to enforce its rules, and when done in the interest of humanity should not hesitate in the least to go to the extreme, if necessary, to protect the citizens of Centre Hall against the spread of any disease, or prevent the breaking out of infectious diseases. The health authorities have had the support of the best citizens in their recent actions, and it is no doubt due to the watchfulness of this body that this borough up to this time has not experienced the semblance of an epidemic of even the most common diseases that come under the regulations of boards of health. The sooner the whole community accepts the actions of these local officers as binding, the better, because finally, as was recently demonstrated, they must be so accepted.

In order that none may be misled let it be said that there is no smallpox in Centre Hall; that the precautions taken were amply justified; that every fair minded person will stand by the board of health which exercised its authority solely for the protection of Centre Hall.

Penn'a State College Gets $371,936.

The total appropriation received by Pennsylvania State College is $371,936. Of this sum $215,000 is for the Agricultural Department.

Democratic State Convention.

May 24th was named as the date and Harrisburg the place for holding the Democratic State Convention. Hon. J. K. P. Hall was re-elected State chairman. A few changes were made in the State Central Committee, among them was the substitution of D. J. Driscoll, of Elk county, for Col. J. L. Spangler, of Centre.

Huckleberries in Missouri.

Jared Osman, formerly of this place, had a consignment of huckleberry stocks sent to him in Butler, Missouri, which he will plant in an extensive berry field near that town. The plants were gathered and shipped by John H. Puff, a nephew, in this place. Mr. Osman is a man of considerable means, and should he be able to grow Muncy Mountain huckleberries in Missouri, he no doubt will make an effort to grow the berries on a large scale.

Encouraging Tree Planting.

To encourage the planting of trees the Governor signed the bill allowing a rebate of eighty per cent. in the taxes on land on which there shall be planted forest or timber trees of not less than three hundred to an acre for a period of thirty-five years, provided the rebate does not amount to more than forty-five cents an acre.

The period of exemption is counted from the time the lands have been planted. The act does not exempt more than five hundred acres of land owned by any one person or corporation.

Important Opinion.

Judge Shay, of Schuykill county, filed an opinion of great importance to farmers and produce dealers throughout the state, the opinion being rendered in the case of the commonwealth vs. A. F. Hunsicker, of Walker township. The Retail Merchants' Association, of Tamaqua, was back of the prosecution, which was brought for the purpose of preventing the defendant from selling his meats and products in the Borough of Tamaqua. Judge Shay declares that the hawkers' and peddlers' act does not prohibit the defendant in disposing of the products referred to.

The preacher and the baseball pitcher should each have a good delivery.

A woman doesn't mind showing the white feather if it's an ostrich plume.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Oliver Strunk is erecting a porch in front of his dwelling on Church street.

Thomas D. Decker, of State College, is seriously ill, and has been in that condition for several weeks.

The United Evangelical church reaped a very fair profit from their festival held Saturday night.

Mrs. Calvin Ruhl came home from Williamsport, where she underwent an operation, much improved.

By falling from a pony cart the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Allison sustained a broken collar bone.

Miss Catherine Armbruster is at her home at Farmers Mills. For the past several years she had been staying in Bellefonte.

Messrs. Tharp and Gilbody began operating their merry-go-round in Bellefonte last week. They have a good machine and travel the country during the summer months.

Prof. Butz, connected with the Pennsylvania State College, reports that he has examined many peach, plum and cherry buds since the severe cold wave and finds no injury.

C. A. Sellers, of Downs, Kansas, is east on a visit to his aged father, A. S. Sellers, who makes his home with his daughter, Mrs. Meyer, at Linden Hall. Mr. Sellers is a contractor and builder.

S. Kline Woodring, Esq., of Bellefonte, and Samuel Weiser and B. F. Kister, of Millheim, viewed the location for the opening of a new public road leading from Spring Bank to H. N. Fielder's, in Miles township.

Associate Judge Joseph Wertz, of Mifflin county, who is seventy-one years old, fell in his kitchen, breaking his right thigh, and receiving other injuries which may have serious consequences. He has resided in Lewistown all his life, and has a year of his term yet to serve.

Rufus Strohm, son of James B. Strohm, of Centre Hill, who for several years was connected with the International Correspondence School, Scranton, as an instructor in the engineering department, has been advanced to the position of text book writer in the same school.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Finn Stover, of Cuddy, and Samuel Koch, of Darragh, who were called here on account of the death of George W. Koch, returned to their homes beginning of this week. Mrs. Koch, the widow, may make her home with her son in Darragh, providing he can secure a suitable house at that place.

While plowing in a field in Brunswick township, Berks county, Alexander Bowersox, a farmer's helper, turned over an old stump, under which he found an iron box containing gold coin to the value of $400. The coin was apparently buried about seventy-five years ago.

The Central Western States are furnishing a large per cent. of the daily increase of population of the Dakotas. Among those who recently left Illinois for North Dakota is Lott R. Evans, formerly a resident of Cedarville, Stephenson county. He located at Mott, Hettinger county.

Mrs. Stewart Leitzell and daughter will stay at State College until Commencement. Mr. Leitzell, a native of Potter township, who is a member of the United States Geological Survey at Washington, D. C., was one of the first graduates of the Pennsylvania State College. His son Frank is a student in the institution at present.

Over the whole continent—in the East, in the middle, in the West—Graft has set its talons. Do you want the facts? Everybody's for May is full of them: facts about Mr. Rogers and Amalgamated; facts about the land thieves; facts about the Beef Trust; facts about the people ruined by the Graft of Business by whatever name it is called.

Harry M. Allison, of Spring Mills, was in town the other day and called on the Reporter, but not purposely to tell how the Republican county convention turned him down to select a man in closer touch with Bellefonte. Mr. Allison takes his defeat good naturedly. Had he been nominated Penns Valley would have had a Republican candidate of whom only good could be said.

The Booklovers Magazine for May gives its readers a foretaste of the charms of outdoor sights and sounds in an unusually attractive number. The illustrated paper by Waldemar B. Kaempffert, on "The Protective Mimicry of Insects," is a striking and popular presentation of some phases of the struggle for existence which goes on ceaselessly throughout the whole animate world, and will be a source of pleasure and profit to nature-lovers who wish to study the subject for themselves.

THE BROKEN GLASS.

When it was whole, across this mirror fine
What images of strength and beauty passed!
Here was the loveliness of woman glassed,
Of children, too, and, only less divine,
The forms of rocks and trees, the glorious shine
Of suns and stars, and, wondrously amassed,
The journeying clouds; beneath them, oceans vast
Illimitable surge of restless brine.

'Tis shattered now, and all these things and more—
Great thoughts, imaginations strong and free—
Are in this glass reflected brokenly;
Razed is the dance upon that polished floor.
Poor useless frame that held this sacred trust,
Too soon thou canst not crumble into dust!

—John White Chadwick, in Scribner's Magazine.

JEWEL, DOLLY AND THE FIRE KING.

In the kitchen stove there is both sentiment and significance. Not only is it the centerpiece in the engine room of the home, but to it the finger of progress in domestic science is directed. Cooking utensils demonstrate the first marks of development in the civilization of the human race, and in the kitchens of a nation are unmistakable evidences of the nation's civilized or uncivilized condition. There is an immense amount of sentiment in a cook stove. It reflects the personality of the owner, and it stands for harmony or for disorganization, as they case may be. It speaks for the careful cook and for tarift and intelligence, for the genius and the ingenuity of its owner, and for the rise of plain cooking to the plane of domestic science.

This is the story of Jewel, Dolly and the Fire King—and all three are stoves. Jewel was the name of the old stove at home. Jewel was the piece de resistance in the kitchen of the homestead more than fifty years ago. Jewel was the very altar of home. In a spacious, sand-scoured kitchen she reigned supreme, and spoke for progress—successor as she was to the fireplace and the andirons. Her oven was perched on top, and her hearth was one glad, expansive smile. Her breath came in one long, cheery respiration that made the coals glow red and set the tea kettle to singing in merry competition. What a hospitable dark cavern her oven, that never failed in its duty to the family larder! In the evolution of her kind, Jewel's virtues have never been excelled. Never has any stove before or since demonstrated such capacity for furthering the efforts of a patient cook, and Jewel's day was half a century ago. The pumpkin pie at Thanksgiving, the turkeys at Christmas, the plum pudding, the seed cake—all were in harmony with Jewel's character. Jewel entered into the spirit of every festivity, whether it was a dining function or a birthday cake, or whether it was merely to thaw out half frozen fingers and toes whose owners involuntarily turned to her for solace.

Jewel was well named. She was the custodian of the family comfort; she entered into the joys, and when sorrow came she soothed. In her dusky soul was love for her fellow beings—there was compassion and a desire to be of service. How she shone at company time! She was as spotless as her surroundings, and as proud as any human thing—proud of her achievements, proud of the great loaves of bread tinted a beautiful golden brown. None better than she knew when things were done to a turn. Jewel and "ol black mammy" were in league, and their partnership triumphs were of daily occurrence. How Jewel may have conducted without her domestic colleague I can not tell. They understood each other. How it brings out the best in us to be understood! From Jewel there emanated felicitous thought forces that reach out now from the past, and have become sacred things.

Then came Dolly. I can see Dolly now in memory as she looked when first I saw her. Dolly was a range, and she was an alleged improvement on Jewel. She was decorated here and there with colored tiles, and her name shone with silver letters on the oven door. She was the piece de resistance in the little kitchen once owned by a young woman—a bride. Dolly was different from Jewel. She had a reserved look that hinted at untried forces. Belonging to a later generation than Jewel, she also stood for progress. She wore her ornate and foolish decorations ostentatiously—as some people wear badges that mean nothing. Her gravity inspired me with awe, and there was no welcoming smile to greet me. There was no hearthstone, and the oven was misplaced. Like a subject of higher education and development, she seemed to challenge me on the spot. I felt the impertinence of her thought forces. Should I prove capable? Antagonism was in the air. Should I conquer, or would she? Time would tell. Time did tell.

Dolly proved to be a stubborn wench. However wise and noble my intention, Dolly thwarted it from the beginning. She refused to glow, or she glowed tardily and purely for her own amusement. Dolly was capricious. Repeatedly she changed the dinner hour, and defeating me at every turn, appointed a dinner hour to suit herself. She despised me for my lack of experience. The more eager I became, the more stolidly indifferent she. Spitefully she burned my fingers. Dolly was never cozy. Her tea kettle never sang like Jewel's tea kettle. She objected to my dining functions. She had no sympathy whatever with the sentiment of birthdays and their attendant festivities. Whenever I snatched from her malicious embrace the charred remains of what promised so well until intrusted to her vindictive care, she gloated over my failure and consequent distress. Dolly and I invariably failed on our bread. If the bread was sour, then spitefully she baked it to perfection. At other times she incinerated it, or she floated it over the sides of the pan—anything to reflect upon my efficiency. Dolly and I fought bitterly for many months and I now and then victorious, but seldom.

Dolly was emphatically opposed to my literary pursuits. If, after giving her a task to perform, I took up my book for a few moments of mental refreshment, she blazed up in the liveliest manner. When she suspected I had my pen in hand, then she did her worst. I recall an experience with her when we cooked prunes. After placing the prunes over the fire in my bright new saucepan I invoked the muse in an adjoining room. Dolly had doubtless noted the room. Dolly had doubtless noted the preoccupied expression of my eyes as I consigned the new saucepan and its contents to her care. No sooner was my back turned than she and the clock and the prunes entered into a conspiracy, the details of which are too harrowing to relate. The prunes expanded, the clock hands raced around the dial, the fire fanned itself into a fury—and smoke, cinders and ruin were the combined result. Daring Dolly to foil me thus, I prepared the second instalment of fruit, and in my sole remaining stewpan placed the consignment to her care. Again, as soon as my back was turned, Dolly steamed up more fiercely than ever, and the fragrance of parched fruit called me from the land of dreams to the land of realities. Such insubordination was not to be tolerated, and the third invoice of prunes was placed in my preserving kettle, the one with the sacred porcelain lining. The details are not pleasant to remember, much less to relate, for again Dolly emphasized her disapproval of my literary proclivities. Dolly mutinied once too often. This was many years ago.

Since Dolly's day domestic science has invaded the culinary realm. The Fire King is a gas range, and he is a development from Dolly's failures. He represents progress, and he aims toward the solution of the servant problem. He challenges the intelligence of the expert. Brain has driven out brawn, and calmly superior to the perplexities of the past, he extends his hand to the domestic scientist with the silent assurance that he will make rough paths smooth. He is in sympathy with the technic of cookery. He understands high sounding and scientific terms. He knows about proteids and carbohydrates, and he knows bacteria and a thousand things unheard of in Jewel's time. He is a masculine invader in the realm of feminine inefficiency. How "ol' black mammy" would scoff!

The kitchen has changed, too. The domain of the Fire King is no thoroughfare. The children find no responsive smile on his face, no glow that reflects in their own faces. He is no inspiration to the story telling that was a feature of Jewel's reign in the evening when the work of the day was done. Even the bread and the pies and the cookies are no longer made as they were in Jewel's day. When did the Fire King ever achieve a gingerbread man? Whoever called him the altar of home? How "ol' black mammy" would scoff! What would she do without the home sentiment of which her kitchen stove was a regular inspirer! There is but little sentiment in science, and it is from the well of sentiment that the tax on civilization is drawn.—Haryot Holt Dey, in Woman's Home Companion.

THE LOON.

Some of the Peculiarities for Which This Bird Is Noted.

The loon differs from other birds in a number of ways. I have reason to think that many people are unaware of some, at least, of those peculiarities. The loon has a hide as tough as an ox, and its feathers can not be plucked without first scalding the bird as you would a hog. This incident will give some idea of the toughness of the hide. About thirty-five years ago, when I was living in Michigan, a loon was shot at with a shotgun industriously all summer, without apparently doing him any harm. In the fall I killed him with a rifle, just to convince the people that a loon could be shot and killed. He had many times been shot at with a rifle by the same people who had used a shotgun, and they had become convinced that he dove so quickly that he dodged the shot in that way. I had seen them shoot at him a number of times, and I could see the splash of bullet or shot in the water before the loon dove. I ridiculed the idea of the dodging, and that led to my shooting him to support my contention. When I skinned the bird I found and counted over a hundred No. 6 shot, all of them stuck to the inside of the hide, and so doing him no permanent harm. It is remarkable that he was never hit in the eye, nor sustained a broken wing.

Another thing peculiar to the loon is that after the chicks are hatched, if the mother wishes to move far she will make a shallow dive and come up under her babies and swim off with them on her back. The person that succeeds in photographing her under such conditions may well claim the pennant. Only once have I seen a loon shoulder her young, although for over twenty years I lived in the part of Michigan where then there was the best chance imaginable to watch loons. Now the timber has been cut off around most of the lakes and such favorable conditions for observation no longer exist.

Although I have only once seen a loon shoulder her babies, I have seen her swimming with them on her back many times. Once one swam within twenty feet of me and never suspected my presence.

One of their calls when sitting on the water, for volume beats that of any other bird or beast that I know of. I have heard them in the night when they were more than five miles distant, for they only make that kind of call from the water, and there was no lake in that direction short of that distance. To say that the loon is a very interesting bird is as mild as I can express it.—Correspondence in Forest and Stream.

A DEEP WATER MAN.

For This Reason He Didn't "Scare" When the Boat Hit a Sandbar.

Captain Coomers had sailed over all the seven seas and the mighty bay of Penobscot. Therefore he felt only contempt for the little bug-shaped steamer that carried passengers from the mainland to the island resorts, which at that time were just beginning to have a summer population. This was in the days when all good sailing men looked on steam craft as mere landsman's toys. Their contempt was warranted by the habits of the Belle of breaking down in midchannel, of steering off her course in a wind, and of staying at dock discreetly when there was any "considerable breeze of air."

In one passage across the bay she fell foul of a current that pushed her upon a sandbank. The passengers began to run for the boats and hunt in impossible places for life preservers. Capt. Coomers sat on deck, his big frame supported by a camp stool, and his "game leg" stretched on another camp stool. He sat still while the others, crew and passengers, were rushing about in futile activity. He looked at the strip of island, then out at the bay, then at the sky. Then he rested his chin on his chest and studied the deck planking.

A passenger ran up to him and cried: "Oh, captain, we are wrecked!"

"Hum?"

"We are wrecked."

"Be we?"

"Is there any danger?"

"Hum?"

"Are we going to sink?"

"Not fur in this water."

"Are you sure? I'm afraid we—we shall all be drowned!"

"Not if you're more'n four feet high."

The passenger seemed satisfied at last and went away. Capt. Coomers resumed his gaze at the deck. Presently another passenger saw him.

"Oh, captain, I'm so glad you're here!"

"So be I."

"Think there's any danger?"

"I ain't seen any."

"Of course we—we aren't far from shore?"

"No. We're as nigh as two lovers on a slopin' sofa."

"You take it coolly!"

"Well you see I've been wrecked off Cape Horn and I was in a boat that was chawed up by a whale. I don't puppus to get my boots wet out o' any sech land vehicle as this here."—Youth's Companion.

Might Have Been Suspected.

An elderly, well dressed citizen halted in front of a shop door in Market street Monday night and waited placidly for a car. A few feet above his head an iron framework creaked and from the framework fluttered a fringe of canvas which announced that magazines, periodicals, cigars and tobacco were sold within. It was an exposed spot. Other people, who were also waiting, were huddled around the corner of the building, but the subject of this sketch stood his ground, apparently contented with his surroundings, although the snow was sifting down on him at a furious rate and piling up on his hat and shoulders. "That's what comes of having a good name," said an amused observer, pointing at the solitary figure. "That man doesn't know they've taken in that awning for the winter. He sees that flapping border there and thinks he's protected. All last summer he stationed himself there and kept out of the wet, but he hasn't noticed that they've reefed the canopy and he'll never notice it unless he's told. He's near-sighted. But he has no bad habits and so he excites no suspicion. If I stood under that skeleton of an awning three minutes everybody would pity me and somebody would come up and offer to help me home."—Providence Journal.

Clay modeling in schools is condemned by doctors as being worse than slates for transmitting infectious disease.

FOR THE TABLE.

A novelty for the dinner table has appeared in Paris. On the morning of your dinner party you give in the names of all your guests at your florist's. In the evening he sends you a beautiful fresh rose spray for each guest, with his (the guest's) name inscribed on a petal, in white. The writing on the rose is done by electricity.

WHISK BROOM HOLDER.

A clever woman has put her knowledge of basketry to good account in the fashioning of a whisk broom holder. This consists of two disks of basket work similar to those used for the bottom of a fancy basket and caught together at the sides with large, fluffy bows of three-inch satin ribbon, the color being a delicate pink, in harmony with her room furnishings. A band of ribbon of narrow width, but matching in tone, is used to suspend the holder.

HOW TO SERVE ICES.

A charming way of serving ices at a child's party is to line common flower pots, two inches and a half in diameter at the top, with parafin paper, afterward filling nearly full with ice cream. Sprinkle with grated sweet chocolate to represent earth, and stick a flower in the top.

Another pretty way is to make a basket with four ladyfingers, cut square at the ends, and fastened invisibly with little wooden toothpicks. Tie a ribbon around the basket to hold it firmly, and a flower on the plate, and be sure that the ribbon and the flower harmonize in color. At this season yellow ribbons and yellow tulips, or green ribbons and white narcissus, are especially pretty. A little later apple blossoms and pink ribbons will be delightful.

And there are many other attractive ways of sewing, proper taste suggesting much along this line.

TO WASH SILK HOSE.

Colored stockings—silk and otherwise—require a good deal more care in their laundering than the usual black. And colored stockings are promised very definitely to be used during the spring and summer seasons. Tan shoes are to be good again this year, and nothing is so shabby looking as faded tan stockings, even though they may fade the first time they are washed.

Tan silk stockings are extremely pretty, although most of us content ourselves with lisle thread; and red slippers demand red silk stockings; but both of these colors will "run" a little unless you're very careful.

Put them in a pail of cold water, with a generous handful of salt dissolved in it, and let them stand over night, the night before you wash them. The salt water will set the color. In the morning wring them out, and wash them with a suds, soap and water, using water that is warm without being very hot, and very soapy, but never rubbing the soap directly on the stockings. Rinse in cold water, being sure to get every bit of soap out. Don't iron, but pull them into shape when they are half dry and press them, when they are perfectly dry, with a warm—not hot—iron.

This way takes a little longer, but your stockings will be like new.

RECIPES.

Walnut Soup—A little after the German style is this soup: Put a cupful of chopped celery, a third of a cupful of chopped onion, a slice of lemon and a half teaspoonful of cinnamon in a kettle, cover with water and allow to simmer for two hours. Then strain and place over the fire to boil, stirring in a cup of thick sweet cream, a half cup of walnuts which have been pounded to a paste and a tablespoonful of flour made smooth with a little melted butter. If too thick, add more water. Cook for ten minutes, then serve.

Water Cress Salad—Water cress salad is always dainty and refreshing. After the cresses are washed carefully and dried place them in a chilled salad bowl with several cubes of hard bread rubbed with onion or garlic. These are called chapons. Add a French dressing made with lemon juice instead of vinegar, about a teaspoonful of norseradish. Toss lightly and before serving discard the chapons.

Banana Cream—Remove the skins of half a dozen bananas, cut in halves and set to cook in a double boiler with a cupful of milk. When tender, mash through a strainer; add two tablespoonfuls of gelatine dissolved in a little milk, one-half cupful of sugar and any desired flavoring. Turn into a mold and set away to harden. Serve with whipped cream.

Apple Sandwiches—Spread a layer of apple sauce on a thin slice of bread, sprinkle a little nutmeg or cinnamon over it, add a layer of whipped cream, trim and cut in two, this sandwich is left open.

Venus Dessert—Line a mold with sponge, angel cake or lady fingers, and pour over it a little dissolved gelatine. When slightly hardened add some thick orange marmalade, more gelatine and fill the center with whipped cream, sweetened with fine sugar. Set to harden and serve in slices.

Berlin has about 300 miles of paved streets. The total labor cost of street cleaning last year was only $529,000.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Trade Review" says:

"Good news still predominates in trade and industry. Easter business is of large volume; dry goods, clothing, footwear and all lines of wearing apparel reporting an unusually good demand, and shipping departments are taxed to their full capacity in many cases. The country as a whole is experiencing more settled weather, which is reflected in a better retail distribution of merchandise.

Jobbing trade in goods for Fall delivery is broadening, and there is more inclination to prepare for the future. Manufacturers report less idle machinery, the iron and steel industry leading with an unprecedented output of pig iron, yet consumption is also above all records, for there is no accumulation at the furnaces.

A few labor controversies are threatened, but none are of sufficient magnitude to materially check progress, even if expected settlements are not attained, for the number of hands involved is comparatively small.

Reports are somewhat conflicting as to mercantile collections, but improvement should follow the liberal distribution of funds in starting agricultural work, Treasury shipments of small change to the interior largely exceeding the amount in transit a year ago.

Car blockades are few, owing to the favorable weather, although traffic is very heavy, as shown by railway earnings for the first week of April, 10.9 per cent. larger than last year.

Faliures this week numbered 214 in the United States, against 225 last year, and 20 in Canada, compared with 16 a year ago.

"Bradstreet's" says:—

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending April 13, are 1,292,301 bushels, against 886,017 last week, 1,213,855 this week last year, 2,977,777 in 1903, and 4,118,108 in 1902. Corn, exports for the week are 2,299,767 bushels, against 3,366,347 last week, 583,309 a year ago, 1,677,621 in 1903, and 400,733 in 1902.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Weak and unchanged; receipts, 3,756 barrels.

WHEAT—Dull and firmer; spot contract, 1.06¼@1.07; spot No. 2 red Western, 1.07¼@1.07½; April, 1.06¼@1.07; May, 1.06 asked; June, 1.01½ asked; July, 87 asked; steamer No. 2 red, 97½@97¾; receipts, 7,407 bushels; Southern, by sample, 87@1.05½; Southern, on grade, 96¾@1.06¾.

CORN—Firmer; spot, 52¼@52¾; July, 52½@52¾; September, 53@53¼; steamer mixed, 48¼@48⅞; receipts, 73,788 bushels; Southern white corn, 49@52¼; Southern yellow corn, 49½@53.

OATS—Firm; No. 2 white, 36½@37; No. 2 mixed, 35@35¼; receipts, 9,200 bushels.

RYE—Firm (uptown); No. 2 Western, 90; receipts, 1,429 bushelss.

BUTTER—Firm and unchanged; fancy imitation, 26@27; fancy creamery, 31@32; fancy ladle, 24@25; store packed, 20@21.

EGGS—Firm and unchanged; 16½.

CHEESE—Firm and unchanged; large, 13¾; medium, 14; small, 14¼.

SUGAR—Firm and unchanged; coarse granulated, 6.25; fine, 6.25.

New York.—BUTTER—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 4,490.

CHEESE—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 3,207.

EGGS—Irregular; receipts, 33,669; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by selected, choice, 19@19½; Western storage packed, 18½; do., firsts, 17¾; Southerns, 16@17½.

POULTRY—Alive, steady; Western chickens, 12; fowls, 15; old turkeys, 16; dressed, quiet; Western chickens, 10@12; fowls, 10@14; turkeys, 14@19.

FLOUR—Receipts, 16,509 barrels; exports, 4,173 barrels; steady, but quiet.

RYE FLOUR—Steady; fair to good, 4.25@4.65.

COTTONSEED OIL—Steady; prime yellow, 25½@26.

ROSIN—Quiet; strained, common to good, 3.15 asked.

SUGAR—Raw, firm; fair refining, 4 5-16; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 5-16; molasses sugar, 4 1-16; refined, quiet.

POTATOES—Weak; Long Island, 1.50@2.00; State and Western, 1.00@1.10; Jersey sweets, 2.50@4.50.

PEANUTS—Steady; fancy handpicked, 5¼@5¼; other domestic, 3¼@5½.

CABBAGES—Quiet; Florida, per barrel crate, 1.00@2.00.

Live Stock.

New York.—BEEVES—Nothing doing in live cattle; feeling steady. Exports, 24 cattle and 95 sheep.

CALVES—Quiet, but steady. Common to fairly good veals, 4.00@6.50; no prime here; culls, 3.50. City dressed veals, in fair demand, at 8c to 11c per pound; country dressed, at 7c to 9c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep very dull; lambs, 10c to 15c lower. Clipped sheep, 4.50 to 5.50; wooled lambs, 8.00 to 8.50; clipped do., at 5.00 to 6.50.

HOGS—Market about steady. Good to prime State hogs, 6.10 to 6.15.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Market steady to 15c lower. Good to prime steers, 6.00@6.65; poor to medium, 4.60@5.75; stockers and feeders, 2.50@5.10; cows, 2.60@5.60; heifers, 3.00@6.00; canners, 1.60@3.00; bulls, 2.50@4.90; calves, 3.00@7.00.

HOGS—Mixed and butchers', 5.45@5.65; good to choice heavy, 5.57½@5.67½; rough heavy, 5.45@5.55; light, 5.40@5.60; bulk of sales, 5.55@5.57½.

SHEEP—Lambs, steady to lower. Good to choice wethers, 5.75@6.15; fair to choice mixed, 4.50@5.65; native lambs, 4.50@7.40.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

One-third of the 100,000 Japanese in this country are said to be in California.

Official figures show that 100 lives were lost in making the Simplon tunnel.

An English woman a few years ago invented a button hook for gloves, which is now worth $5,000 a year to her.

During the session of Congress which closed on March 4, President Roosevelt signed 1,842 measures passed by the Senate and House of Representatives.

DEMOCRATIC CO. COMMITTEE—1905.

Bellefonte, N. W., J. C. Harper
" S. W., Patrick Gherrity
" W. W., George R. Meek
Philipsburg, 1st W., J. W. Lukens
" 2nd W., Ira Howe
" 3rd W., E. G. Jones
Centre Hall, D. J. Meyer
Howard, Howard Moore
Millheim, Pierce Musser
Milesburg, James Noll
South Philipsburg, Joseph Gates
Unionville, P. J. McDonnel, Fleming
State College, D. G. Meek
Benner, N. P., John F. Grove, Bellefonte
" S. P., John Grove, Bellefonte
Boggs, N. P., Ira Confer, Yarnell
" E. P., W. J. C. Barnhart, Roland
" W. P., Lewis Wallace, Milesburg
Burnside, William Hipple, Pine Glenn
College, Nathan Grove, Lemont
Curtin, R. A. Poorman, Romola
Ferguson, E. P., W. H. Fry, Pine Grove Mills
" W. P., Sumner Miller, Penns. Furnace
Gregg, N. P., Josiah C. Rossman, Spring Mills
" E. P., H. P. Herring, Penn Hall
" W. P., John Smith, Spring Mills
Haines, E. P., L. D. Orndorf, Woodward
" W. P., Ralph E. Stover, Aaronsburg
Halfmoon, Emory McAtee, Stormstown
Harris, John Weiland, Boalsburg
Howard, George D. Johnson, Roland
Huston, Henry Hale, Julian
Liberty, E. P., W. F. Harter, Blanchard
" W. P., Albert Bergner, Monument
Marion, J. W. Orr, Walker
Miles, E. P., H. F. McManaway, Wolfs Store
" M. P., George B. Winters, Smullton
" W. P., G. Edward Miller, Rebersburg
Patton, T. M. Huey, Waddle
Penn, W. F. Smith, Millheim
Potter, N. P., George H. Emerick, Centre Hall
" S. P., George Goodhart, Centre Hall
" W. P., James B. Spangler, Tusseyville
Rush, N. P., W. E. Frank, Philipsburg
" E. P., Fred Wilkinson, Munson Station
" S. P., John T. Lorigan, Retort
Snow Shoe, E. P., Lawrence Redding, Snow Shoe
" W. P., James Culver, Moshannon
Spring, N. P., C. M. Heisler, Bellefonte
" S. P., John Mulfinger, Pleasant Gap
" W. P., John L. Dunlap, Bellefonte
Taylor, P. A. Hoover, Port Matilda
Union, John O. Peters, Fleming
Walker, E. P., Solomon Peck, Nittany
" M. P., John McAuley, Hublersburg
" W. P., John Cole, Zion
Worth, J. A. Williams, Port Matilda

H. S. TAYLOR, Chairman

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.45 a. m. New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.23 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.09 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 2.55 a. m. Baltimore 9.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD.			EASTWARD.	
P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 35
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 25
1 55	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 19
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02
3 26	8 05	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 26
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 22
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.28 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.08 a. m., 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.05 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA

Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.				Stations		Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5				No 6	No 4	No 2
A.M.	P.M	P.M		Lv.	Ar.	P.M	P.M	A.M
7 10	2 30	6 40		BELLEFONTE		9 20	5 10	9 40
7 21	2 41	6 51		High		9 07	4 57	9 27
7 26	2 46	6 56		Zion		9 01	4 51	9 21
7 33	2 53	7 03		Hecla Park		8 55	4 45	9 15
7 35	2 55	7 05		Dunkles		8 53	4 42	9 13
7 39	2 59	7 09		HUBLERSBURG		8 49	4 38	9 09
7 43	3 03	7 14		Snydertown		8 46	4 34	9 05
7 45	3 05	7 16		Nittany		8 44	4 31	9 02
7 47	3 07	7 19		Huston		8 42	4 28	9 00
7 51	3 11	7 23		LAMAR		8 39	4 25	8 57
7 58	3 18	7 25		Clintondale		8 36	4 22	8 54
7 57	3 17	7 29		Krider's Spring		8 32	4 18	8 51
8 01	3 21	7 33		Mackeyville		8 28	4 13	8 46
8 07	3 27	7 39		Cedar Springs		8 22	4 07	8 40
8 10	3 30	7 42		Salona		8 20	4 05	8 38
8 15	3 35	7 47		MILL HALL		8 15	4 00	8 33
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)								
11 45	8 38			Jersey Shore		3 16	7 50	
12 20	9 10	Arr.	Williamsport		Lve	2 40	7 20	
12 29	11 30	Lve.			Arr.	2 25	6 50	
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)								
7 30	6 50			PHILA		8 36	11 30	
10 40	9 02			NEW YORK		4 30	7 30	
				(Via Philad.)				
P. M.	A. M.					A. M.	P. M	
10 40				Ar New York	Lv	4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)								

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Week Days.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD
6	4	2	STATIONS.	1	3	5
P.M.	P. M	A.M	Ar. Lv.	A.M	A.M	P.M
6 30	2 25	8 50	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 00
6 15	2 10	8 40	Coleville	6 35	10 37	4 07
6 12	2 07	8 37	Morris	6 38	10 42	4 10
6 08	2 02	8 35	Stevens	6 43	10 47	4 15
6 05	1 55	8 31	Hunters	6 46	10 51	4 18
6 03	1 51	8 28	Fillmore	6 50	10 56	4 21
5 59	1 45	8 24	Brierly	6 55	11 02	4 25
5 55	1 40	8 20	Waddles	7 00	11 05	4 28
5 57	1 22	8 07	Krumrine	7 12	11 20	4 40
5 30	1 15	8 00	State College	7 25	11 35	4 45
5 10		7 45	Struble	7 27		4 50
5 05		7 40	Bloomsdorf	7 31		4 55
5 00		7 35	Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		5 00

PAINFUL PERIODS

Suggestions How to Find Relief from Such Suffering.

While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to be the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely. Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful or irregular something is wrong which should be set right or it will lead to a serious derangement of the whole female organism.

More than fifty thousand women have testified in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes painful and irregular menstruation.

It provides a safe and sure way of escape from distressing and dangerous weaknesses and diseases.

The two following letters tell so convincingly what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will do for women, they cannot fail to bring hope to thousands of sufferers.

Miss Nellie Holmes of 540 N. Davision Street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Your medicine is indeed an ideal medicine for women. I suffered misery for years with painful periods, headaches, and bearing-down pains. I consulted two different physicians but failed to get any relief. A friend from the East advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and no longer suffer as I did before. My periods are natural; every ache and pain is gone, and my general health is much improved. I advise all women who suffer to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. Tillie Hart, of Larimore, N. D., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I might have have been spared many months of suffering and pain had I only known of the efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound sooner; for I have tried so many remedies without help.

"I dreaded the approach of my menstrual period every month, as it meant so much pain and suffering for me, but after I had used the Compound two months I became regular and natural and am now perfectly well and free from pain at my monthly periods. I am very grateful for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound rests upon the well-earned gratitude of American women.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating, (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your sickness you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

Facts Are Stubborn Things

Uniform excellent quality **for over a quarter of a century** has steadily increased the sales of LION COFFEE,

The leader of all package coffees.

Lion Coffee

is now used in millions of homes. Such popular success speaks for itself. It is a **positive proof** that **LION COFFEE** has the

Confidence of the people.

The uniform quality of LION COFFEE survives all opposition.

LION COFFEE keeps its old friends and makes new ones every day.

LION COFFEE has even more than its Strength, Flavor and Quality to commend it. On arrival from the plantation, it is carefully roasted at our factories and securely packed in 1 lb. sealed packages, and not opened again until needed for use in the home. This precludes the possibility of adulteration or contact with germs, dirt, dust, insects or unclean hands. The absolute purity of LION COFFEE is therefore guaranteed to the consumer.

Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

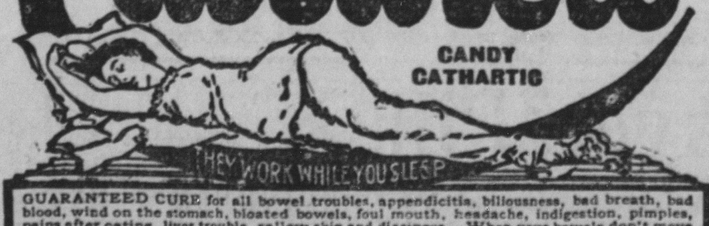
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

E. B. Smith has sold nearly $1,000,000 of the new Lehigh Navigation bonds.

BABY'S AWFUL ECZEMA

Face Like Raw Beef—Thought She Would Lose Her Ear—Healed Without a Blemish—Mother Thanks Cuticura.

"My little girl had eczema very bad when she was ten months old. I thought she would lose her right ear. It had turned black, and her face was like a piece of raw meat, and very sore. It would bleed when I washed her, and I had to keep cloths on it day and night. There was not a clear spot on her face when I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and now it is completely healed, without scar or blemish, which is more than I had hoped for. (Signed) Mrs. Rose Ether, 201 Eckford St., Brooklyn, N. Y."

America is today consuming more pig iron than ever before.

Hash is the ghost of a square meal.

THE GRAND PRIZE

THE HIGHEST AWARD AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR WAS GIVEN TO

TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING SLICKERS, HATS POMMEL SLICKERS

A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836
BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO
TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TORONTO, CAN

SANG IN OPEN STREETS.

Vienna Stage Celebrities Test Public's Judgment of Music.

A merry quartette of performers made an interesting experiment in the streets of Vienna, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat, in order to see with their own eyes how the general public would appreciate the highest artistic talent if it were exhibited in the open street, unannounced and unadorned.

Miss Gerda Walde, prima donna of the Vienna stage; Louis Treumann, the popular comedian of the Carl theater; Edward Eysler, the composer, and Alfred Deutsch-German, the playwright, arrayed in the garb of ordinary street musicians, made a tour through the principal streets of the city. The composer, Eysler, performed the duties of organ-grinder, while the others sung a repertoire which included such well-known songs as "Geh, Mach Dein Fenster Auf" (Go, Open Your Window"), "Kussen Ist Keine Sund" ("Kissing Is No Sin") and "Jetzt Spielt's Uns an Tanz" (Now They Play and Dance for Us").

The incognito of the celebrated band remained undiscovered and the day's "takings" aggregated a paltry 61 kreutzers (about 1 shilling 2 pence), which they laughingly divided among themselves. Their previous doubts as to the ability of the public to judge of the value of art unassisted by theatrical effect have now given way to settled conviction. But, nevertheless, it would have been interesting to find out what the day's takings would have amounted to had the quartette openly announced themselves as the leading lights of the Austrian musical world. Doubtless the man in the street, even in Vienna, does not look for talent in the streets.

Cannot Reduce a Rate.

It is stated in Washington that under the Townsend rate bill if a rate is fixed by the commission it cannot be lowered by a railroad. Should an emergency arise calling for a decreased rate the railroads or shippers would have to appeal again to the commission, there being no latitude allowed, whatever the circumstances. Hitherto a maximum rate has been the rule, but no such concession is made under the proposed legislation.

Optical Convention.

An optical convention will be held in London the latter part of May, under the presidency of Dr. R. T. Glazebrook, F. R. S. The object of the convention is to bring into cooperation men interested in optical matters. A sub-committee has been appointed to consider the subjects of papers on optical questions which should be brought before the convention, and suggestions as to subjects for discussion will be welcomed. It has been decided to organize an exhibition, of a scientific character, of instruments manufactured in this country. England, with a view to show the progress recently made, and to stimulate further efforts.

CURE YOUR KIDNEYS.

When the Back Aches and Bladder Troubles Set In, Get at the Cause.

Don't make the mistake of believing backache and bladder ills to be local ailments. Get at the cause and cure the kidneys. Use Doan's Kidney Pills which have cured thousands.

Captain S. D. Hunter, of Engine No. 14, Pittsburg, Pa., Fire Department, and residing at 2729 Wylie avenue, says:

"It was three years ago that I used Doan's Kidney Pills for an attack of kidney trouble that was mostly backache, and they fixed me up fine. There is no mistake about that, and if I should ever be troubled again I would get them first thing, as I know what they are."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Ivory Congratulations.

A very famous American dentist met the English husband of an American friend of mine with the genial congratulation: "My dear sir, I wish you joy! You have married a first-rate set of teeth."—Fortnightly Review.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

English Shopkeepers.

The upper class in England is sinking; the middle is rising rapidly, and those who belong to the former keep shops in assumed names, while those who belong to the latter endeavor to conceal that they themselves are connected with trade. The conversation of both, however, betrays that they are shopkeepers.—London Truth.

Popular Cars.

The Pope-Hartford and Pope-Tribune gasoline cars and runabouts meet the specific demands of a large class of automobile users. They are simple in construction, free from complication and efficient. Prices from $500 to $1600. For finely illustrated catalogues and descriptive matter, address Dept. A, Pope Manufacturing Co., Hartford, Conn.

Glass houses may soon be made stone-proof.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

The Monroe County Mountain Resort Association is trying to secure better railroad facilities between Monroe County and Philadelphia.

Women of Oxford are collecting money to build a public hall.

Mayor M'Call, of York, has decided that in case a prisoner is unable or refuses to pay a fine imposed for a misdemeanor, he shall be placed at work upon the city highways.

A syndicate of Philadelphia and Baltimore capitalists has purchased the plants and franchises of the Consumers' Water Company, in Hanover, and the McSherrystown Water Company. The syndicate has also bought several hundred acres of land, gaining control of all the water supplies in that vicinity.

An unexpected flow of gas at the depth of 900 feet in a well in the Dehaven farm, Clarion, was ignited, destroying the derrick and rigging. The loss is $1500.

Rebecca Laird, of Carlisle, has presented to the Dilworthtown Presbyterian Church a baptismal font, in memory of Mrs. Mary D. Biddle, late of Edgewood, Birmingham Township, and of Lydia Spencer Baird, who died in 1875.

When the grand-mother of 11-year-old Arthur Brossman, of Reading, caught him playing truant she punished him with a broomstick. Thereupon the boy, it is alleged, hurled a bar of iron at her and broke her nose. The grandmother caused the boy's arrest and in preferring charges against him declared that he had forged his mother's name to checks upon which he secured $11 from a local bank. It is said that the boy found his mother's check book, and induced a companion to draw a check for $1.50. This was promptly cashed and then he tried again. Further success made him bold and he, it is said, tried a $6 check, which the cashier refused to honor. His mother would have kept the matter quiet, but the assault on the grand-mother brought the matter to light. The boy will probably be sent to a reformatory.

On January 5 last a dangerous fire broke out at night in a livery stable in the heart of the business district of Harrisburg. The fire baffled the firemen and destroyed the stable and an adjoining building. Charles Schaeffer, aged 19, was arrested, charged with setting fire to the stable. It is said he had told of his crime to a friend, who informed the detectives.

A delegation of residents of the Cumberland Valley called on Governor Pennypacker to invite him to participate in the dedication of the monument to soldiers of the Revolutionary war, at Middle Springs Presbyterian Church, two miles from Shippensburg, on June 1. He promised to be present and make an address.

The strike of the union miners in the Meyersdale district has been declared off, the union having withdrawn its support. The strike has been in progress for sixteen months.

The Bethlehem Steel Company started the erection of three large crucible and open hearth furnaces.

Associate Judge Joseph Wertz, 71 years, of Lewistown, fell in his kitchen and sustained a fracture of the right leg.

John McClurg, of Oxford, a lineman, was working at the top of a thirty-five foot pole when it suddenly broke. He fell and was rendered unconscious. Upon being brought to his senses again it was found that despite his fall he was uninjured.

Fifty loaders in the Sterling Colliery, Shamokin, operated by the Philadelphia Coal & Iron Company, went on strike, refusing to pick slate out of chutes before loading coal into wagons.

The college women of Scranton have formed an organization with Mrs. J. M. Wainwright, a Vassar graduate, as president, and Miss Anna Russ, of Smith College, secretary. The organization will engage in philanthropic work.

A. D. Hoover, who has been postmaster at Zion's View for ten years, has resigned.

The West Chester branch of the Women's Auxiliary of the Chester County Hospital has elected the following officers: President, Miss Hannah A. Marshall; vice-presidents, Miss Elma Hoopes, Mrs. George Bidden; secretary, Mrs. Alice Shafer; treasurer, Mrs. F. S. Hickman.

Orders have been issued by Colonel Rufus C. Elder, of the Fifth Regiment, National Guard, to muster out the hospital corps at Altoona and organize a new corps in Bellefonte, where the surgeon, Dr. Albert G. H. Hayes, resides.

D. W. Tyron, cashier of the Spartansburg Bank, which failed in March, has been arrested, charged with embezzlement, on complaint of W. E. Rice, of Chicago. Rice alleges that he contracted with Tyron for the erection of a chair factory in Spartansburg and paid Tyron $1500 to be used in conducting the business, but, he says, Tyron diverted the money to his own use.

Ten feet below the earth's surface a vein of anthracite coal has been discovered near Royer, Blair county. Some of the coal was taken out and burned, and found to be of excellent quality. The extent of the vein has not been ascertained. Much excitement has resulted among the farmers in that locality.

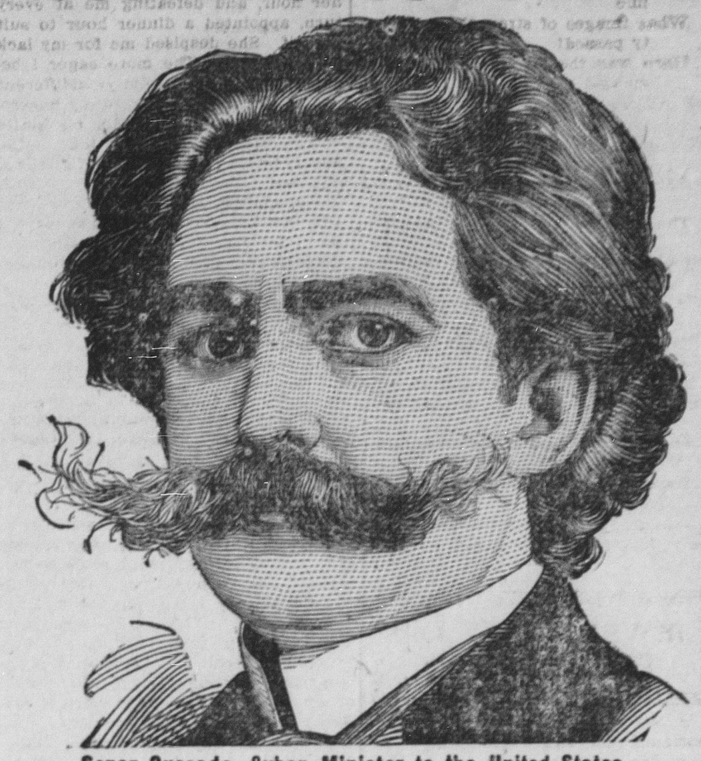
Dison McKennan, a 13-year-old boy of Shickshinny, near Wilkes-Barre, died of hydrophobia. He frother at the mouth, snapped like a dog and suffered intense pains until his death. He was bitten about five weeks ago by a dog which was not then thought to be mad.

John Bygosh is in jail on the charge of blowing up the house of William Millbak, in Luzerne Borough. Millbak declared at the hearing that he heard a man stumble and swear, and that the voice was that of Bygosh. A few minutes later the house was blown up with dynamite.

The Schuylkill county poor directors have filed a case stated in court to secure an opinion as to whether or not they are to be paid under the new controller act, which fixes a salary of $1,500 a year. They have been receiving $2 a day under the old law.

CUBAN MINISTER TO THE U. S.

Recommends Pe-ru-na



Senor Quesada, Cuban Minister to the United States.

Senor Quesada, Cuban Minister to the United States, is an orator born. In an article in The Outlook for July, 1899, by George Kennan, who heard Quesada speak at the Esteban Theatre, Matanzas, Cuba, he said: "I have seen many audiences under the spell of eloquent speech and in the grip of strong emotional excitement; but I have rarely witnessed such a scene as at the close of Quesada's eulogy upon the dead patriot, Marti." In a letter to The Peruna Medicine Company, written from Washington, D. C., Senor Quesada says:

"Peruna I can recommend as a very good medicine. It is an excellent strengthening tonic, and it is also an efficacious cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."—Gonzalo De Quesada.

Congressman J. H. Bankhead, of Alabama, one of the most influential members of the House of Representatives, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., gives his endorsement to the great catarrh remedy, Peruna, in the following words:

"Your Peruna is one of the best medicines I ever tried, and no family should be without your remarkable remedy. As a tonic and catarrh cure I know of nothing better."—J. H. Bankhead.

There is but a single medicine which is a radical specific for catarrh. It is Peruna, which has stood a half century test and cured thousands of cases.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

Senor Garofalo, the Italian criminologist, reckons that throughout Europe 10,000 persons are annually condemned for murder and that only one criminal out of three is brought to justice.

Compulsory education will become general in Cape Colony soon.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

In some of the London schools the boys take lessons in cooking.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The crown forests of Russia comprise 30,000,000 acres belonging to the Czar.

A former army officer plays a hand organ on the streets of Sheffield, England.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

Fruits grown in China are usually inferior in flavor.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never Fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

The Peruvian railways have all been consolidated.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The present population of Great Britain and Ireland is about 42,750,000.

CORN FIELDS ARE GOLD FIELDS

to the farmer who understands how to feed his crops. Fertilizers for Corn must contain at least 7 **per cent. actual**

Potash

Send for our books—they tell why Potash is as necessary to plant life as sun and rain; sent free, if you ask. Write to-day.

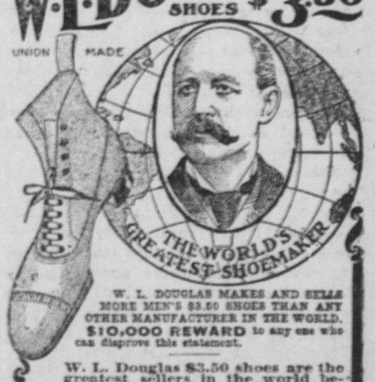
GERMAN KALI WORKS
93 Nassau Street, New York.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS
N U 17

WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLET
"HOW TO PREPARE A QUICK, SURE AND FRESH BORDEAUX."
THE BEST KNOWN FUNGICIDE FOR Fruits, Vegetables and Potatoes.
AMERICAN HORTICULTURAL DISTRIB'T'G CO.
MARTINSBURG, W. VA.
Manufacturers of Agricultural Chemicals.

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks Solicited.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50



W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.
$10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

"The Best I Ever Wore."

"I write to say that I have worn your $3.50 shoes for the past five years, and find them the best I ever wore."—Rev. Frank T. Ripley, 606 East Jefferson St., Louisville, Ky.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest patent leather produced.

Fast Color Eyelets will not wear brassy.

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25 cents extra prepays delivery.

If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

CONCENTRATED

Crab Orchard WATER

TRADE MARK

—A SPECIFIC FOR—

Dyspepsia
Sick Headache
Constipation...

The Three "Ills" That Make Life a Burden.

Nature's Great Remedy

In Use for Almost a Century.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1905.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1 00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

Spring Mills.

John Rossman, a student at Franklin & Marshall college, Lancaster, spent his Easter vacation at home with his parents.

Bruce Gramley returned from State College to spend Sunday under the parental roof.

Saturday evening a large number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Corman for the purpose of giving their daughter, Miss Annie, a surprise. The evening was very pleasantly spent. Refreshments of a high order were served.

Mrs. J. H. B. Hartman and daughter, Miss Mary, of Millheim, accompanied by Miss Grace Stitzer, of Mifflinburg, were in town last week, the guests of Mrs. J. W. Shook.

Miss Mabel Allison went to Bellefonte Saturday to spend Easter with friends there.

John Smith and daughter Miss May spent Sunday with friends at Tusseyville.

Miss Ruth Smith, little daughter of Robert Smith, was ill during the past week suffering from pneumonia.

The sick in town are all improving.

Aaronsburg.

Edwin Wolf, of Wolf's Store, spent Easter with friends in town.

Miss Clara Edmunds, of Mazeppa, arrived, to attend school under Prof. E. S. Stover.

John C. Stover has gone to visit his daughter, Mrs. Mary Ardrey, at Bellefonte.

Misses Kathryn Bower, of State College, and Annie Bower, of near Penn Hall, visited their aged grandmother.

Miss Sarah Haffley, of Bellefonte, was the welcome guest of her parents and sister over Sunday.

George Resides, of State College, spent a few days at the Bower House, and called on a number of friends in town.

Dr. D. K. Musser, of Bellefonte, spent Easter at his home here.

Miss Gertrude Herman, of Oak Hall, and her brother, of Altoona, were home a few days last week, to see their father, who has been in poor health since last fall.

Miss Mary Hartman, of Millheim, and Miss Steitzer, of Mifflinburg, were guests at the home of Jesse Wert on Sunday.

James Swabb returned home for a short visit, after an absence of three years. He looks quite natural.

Noah Corman and wife, of Rebersburg, were in town Monday.

Woodward.

John Fultz, of Northumberland, visited his sister, Mrs. Ida Kessinger.

James Smith and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Smith's parents.

John Eby and wife, of Beaverdale, are guests of the former's parents.

Mrs. A. M. Yearick went to Laurelton last Saturday.

While Charles Hosterman was gathering produce Saturday, his horses ran away, breaking the wagon and a number of eggs.

Elmer Smith and family and Miss Bessie Voneida, of near Spring Mills, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Mrs. Samuel Gephart and daughter Helen, of near Rebersburg, were in town last Friday.

Miss Polly Snyder died at the home of N. W. Eby, Saturday forenoon. Interment was made Tuesday. She was aged seventy-two years.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Best and Most Popular.

"Mothers buy it for croupy children, railroad men buy it for severe coughs and elderly people by it for la grippe," say Moore Bros., Eldon, Iowa. "We sell more of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy than any other kind. It seems to have taken the lead over several other good brands." There is no question but this medicine is the best that can be procured for coughs and colds, whether it be a child or adult that is affected. It always cures and cures quickly. Sold by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville, F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

An old penny with a premium on it may look like thirty cents.

Harris Township.

Dr. Kidder and Walker Shutt took a drive over the mountains and enjoyed a few days with friends at Saulsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hettinger visited their daughter, Mrs. Samantha Bressler, at Bellefonte.

Miss Gertrude Wieland opened a primary school in Boalsburg on Monday. The term will continue six weeks.

An ice cream parlor was opened at the Boalsburg tavern Saturday evening.

Master Harry Kuhn spent Sunday at Pine Grove Mills.

Mrs. E. E. Brown returned from a three weeks' stay at Bellefonte.

Mrs. Alice Magoffin returned to her home in Boalsburg, after spending the winter at Redlands, Cal.

Mrs. Laura Bricker accompanied by her sister, Mrs. J. F. Stover, of Bellefonte, enjoyed Tuesday with their mother, Mrs. Sophia Stover, at Unionville, that being the latter's eightieth anniversary of her birth.

Rev. A. J. Horner and family, of Colyer, were guests at the home of E. W. Hess, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bottorf, of Lemont; Mr. and Mrs. Clement Dale, of Houserville, and Mrs. Isaac Tressler and granddaughter, Miss Annie Loesh, of Circleville, attended services in Boalsburg, Sunday.

Miss Anna Corl, of Pleasant Gap, spent a few days among friends in Boalsburg.

R. B. Harrison and family spent Sunday with relatives in Pleasant Gap.

Mrs. Kidder returned from a visit to her old home in Huntingdon county.

Mrs. Emma Fisher had a reunion of her family over Easter. All her children and grandchildren were present—William, wife and son Joseph, of Sunbury; John and family, of Bellefonte; Frank, of Washington, D. C.; Charles, who is employed as a traveling salesman, and George and family, of Boalsburg.

John Everhart, of near Franklinville; H. McCracken and sister, of Rock Springs; J. W. Fry, of Fairbrook; Miss Sadie Keichline and sisters and Miss Annie Fortney, of Pine Grove Mills; Miss Dora Meyer, of Bellefonte, attended the reception at the Meyer home, on the Branch, Thursday evening.

Mr. Walizer, J. W. Smith and daughter Clara and Miss Anna Shank visited at Howard over Sunday.

W. H. Stuart spent a few days with his mother at Bellevue Station, Pittsburg.

Alvin S. Meyer with his wife and son Harold and Mrs. J. P. Wagner came from Altoona to spend the Easter vacation with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Meyer.

Harold and Roy Coxey were at the home of their mother for their share of rabbit eggs.

Mrs. Cyrus Brungart, of Centre Hall, is staying in Boalsburg for an indefinite time.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Koch, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lohr, Mrs. Thomas Allen and son Albert attended the funeral of George Koch, at Centre Hall, Saturday.

Mrs. Alfred Osman and two children were visitors from the Mountain City.

Miss Claudia Snyder and sister, of Manor Hill, spent a few days with Miss Sallie Stover.

Prof. Edward Myers, wife and daughter, of Bellefonte, enjoyed a few days with friends in Boalsburg.

William Fortney, of Harrisburg, a grandson of Mrs. Harriet Fortney, visited friends in this place.

Master Fred Ishler returned home after a week's visit to his aunt, Mrs. Margaret Shuey, at Lemont.

Frank Young departed on Monday for an extended visit to his brothers in Illinois and other western states.

C. L. Ricker, of Clinton county, was around among the farmers buying shoats.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lohr entertained a number of young people Friday evening.

Mrs. Sarah Rankin, of Bellefonte, visited at the McFarlane home.

Penn Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. B. Hartman, of Millheim, spent Saturday evening at the home of Wallace Musser.

James Keller and son Wm., of Centre Hall, spent Sunday at the home of F. M. Fisher.

Mrs. Luther Snyder and son Chas., of Sunbury, are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Fisher, who has been ill for some time.

An automobile passed through town on Monday.

F. M. Fisher and wife transacted business in Brush Valley Monday.

Frederick Moyer is still in a critical condition.

For a Weak Digestion.

No medicine can replace food but Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will help you to digest your food. It is not the quantity of food taken that gives strength and vigor to the system, but the amount digested and assimilated. If troubled with a weak digestion, don't fail to give these Tablets a trial. Thousands have been benefited by their use. They only cost a quarter. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

WORK OF THE COURT.

T. M. Meyer and J. H. Weber Lose Suits —Bowersox Guilty.

[Additional court news on first page.]

The first case called Monday afternoon was an appeal from the judgment rendered by a justice of the peace of Jacob Test vs. G. R. Mock, administrator of etc., of Jacob Mock, deceased. After part of the plaintiff's testimony was adduced, defendant moved for a non suit, which after argument was allowed by the court.

The next case was that of Thos. F. Rickets & Co. vs. T. M. Meyer, of Millheim. This was also an appeal from a judgment rendered by a justice of the peace. From the evidence in the case it appeared that on the first day of May, 1903, the defendant ordered gloves, etc. from plaintiff company to the amount of $134.50. These goods were to have been shipped in October of the same year, but did not arrive at Coburn station until November 9th. The defendant had them delivered to his place of business, opened them and sold some of the goods. Believing that, under the circumstances, he could not be bound to keep the goods, he packed them up and shipped them to plaintiff company at Johnstown, N. Y., where they are in the possession of the railroad company for further disposition. The plaintiff company entered suit. There being no great disagreement as to the facts in said case, on motion of plaintiffs' counsel, the court directed the jury to render a verdict in favor of the plaintiff and against the defendant for $134.50 with interest from March 1st, 1904, but reserved a question of law which will be disposed of at June Argument court.

The case of L. W. Kimport vs. Linden Hall Lumber Company was also continued on account of the illness and inability of plaintiff to come to court. This is also an appeal from the judgment of a justice of the peace.

The next case called was that of J. H. Weber vs. George Gentzel, which was an appeal from a judgment rendered by W. A. Murray, of Boalsburg. From evidence it appeared that on April 10, 1903, the plaintiff telephoned to Allison Brothers, Spring Mills, for some hay and straw. After not having any on hand for sale and knowing that the defendant had about the amount desired by the plaintiff, sent for him to come to the office. After some communication between Harry Allison and the plaintiff, which was then communicated to Mr. Gentzel, he, according to the plaintiff's statement, agreed to sell him so many tons of hay and straw at certain figures, and then the plaintiff instructed the defendant to hold it for him during that day. Receiving no word during the day or evening referred to, the next morning Mr. Gentzel made sale of the same hay and straw to another party. Plaintiff contended that he suffered damage to the extent of about $40 00 which he was obliged to pay to the Fuel & Supply Co., Bellefonte, in the nature of damage, by reason of not being able to fill the order.

At the close of testimony defendant's attorneys asked for binding instructions to the jury and even asked the court to say to the jury that, under the evidence, the defendant was entitled to a verdict. The court refused to give this instruction but submitted the case to the jury. Wednesday morning a verdict in favor of the defendant was returned.

Jane Fultz entered her plea of guilty of larceny on an indictment which was for larceny of $2500.00 from Michael and Henry Eby.

Wednesday morning the court delivered a charge to the jury in the case Commonwealth vs. Thomas D. Bowersox, who was charged with larceny and receiving stolen goods. From the indictment it appears that this defendant had stolen about $50 from Michael Eby, and from the evidence in the case as given by the prosecutors, Edward D. Baker and Michael Eby, it appeared that some time during the month of May, 1903, Michael Eby was in the field plowing, and had his vest hanging on the fence. The defendant was seen handling the garment. There was some dispute as to the time of the alleged theft. The commonwealth alleged that it was in May, 1903, but the defendant positively swore that it was in May, 1902. If the evidence of the plaintiff is to be believed the statute of limitations would bar action at this time. The defendant admitted to a man by the name of Haines that he took $60.00 from this vest, as well as admitting to the detective that he took $100.00 from Eby's vest in 1903. The defendant, upon being examined, admitted that he had taken money in May, 1902. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Court Notes.

The Haines brothers, accused by the Ebys of theft of money, were released on the limitation act.

It is reported that a true bill has been found in the Clements—Emerick case, and that the case was continued. The charge is adultery.

The Court Report.

The readers of the Reporter are indebted to W. Harrison Walker, Esq., for the very complete court report in this issue. This report is not only full but reliable.

LOCALS.

The jailer is apt to complain that his work is too confining.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bibighaus, of Mifflinburg, and Burchard Musser, of Altoona, are guests of Miss Laura Runkle.

W. O. Rearick, of Milroy, was in town Tuesday, having just returned from a week's trip to Van Wert county, Ohio, where he and Mrs. Rearick were looking the country over with a view of locating there. Mr. Rearick sold part of his real estate in Milroy, and while he is loath to leave that place may do so. During the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Rearick in Ohio, their sons, Rufus and Miles, stayed with Grandfather M. J. Decker, east of Centre Hall.

Seed Potatoes.

S. W. Smith offers for sale a limited number of bushels of Rural New York seed potatoes. New York seed was planted last year.

Linden Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Goss were visitors at J. H. Ross' hospitable home over Sunday.

Miss Mary Stine, of Annville, is visiting her Grandma Campbell who is recovering from a long illness.

Rev. Harnish preached an Easter sermon in the Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon.

Fergus Potter sold a portion of his farm to G. B. Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Zong are happy over the arrival of a son at their home.

James Swabb is a juror this week.

Mrs. Harris has the carpenters repairing the roof of her barn which was damaged during the recent storm.

Mrs. George Erhard spent Sunday with Bellefonte relatives.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

PIANOS AND ORGANS . . . . .

THE LESTER PIANO is a strictly high grade instrument, endorsed by the New England Conservatory, Boston, Mass; Broad Street Conservatory, Philadelphia, as being unsurpassed for tone, touch and finish.

. . . THE LAWRENCE . . .

7-OCTAVE ORGAN

is the only organ with the Saxaphone combination and correctly imitates orchestral instruments. TERMS to suit the buyer. Ask for catalogues and prices.

C. E. ZEIGLER
SPRING MILLS.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.
Don't fail to get my prices

LOCALS.

A ripe old age is a very beautiful thing, except in an egg.

Hon. L. Rhone attended the Republican state convention as a spectator.

Samuel Rowe is testing the various private water lines with a view of discovering leaks that are supposed to exist.

The cleanliness of the streets in Centre Hall attracts the attention of strangers. And yet there is room for improvement.

About Rheumatism.

There are few diseases that inflict more torture than rheumatism and there is probably no disease for which such a varied and useless lot of remedies have been suggested. To say that it can be cured is, therefore, a bold statement to make, but Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which enjoys an extensive sale, has met with great success in the treatment of this disease. One application of Pain Balm will relieve the pain, and hundreds of sufferers have testified to permanent cures by its use. Why suffer when Pain Balm affords such quick relief and costs but a trifle? For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Spring Time in Florida and the South.

This is one of the most delightful seasons of the whole year to visit Florida and the famous resorts of Pinehurst, N. C., Camden, S. C., and others of the wonderful Southland, reached most directly by the Seaboard Air Line Railway, the shortest and quickest route between the North and South.

Three through Pullman trains daily, including the famous Seaboard Florida Limited, the quickest train ever operated between New York and Florida and without change of passengers or baggage. Winter excursion rates now in effect. Special stop-over privileges. Excellent Dining car service on all trains. Two trains daily to Atlanta for New Orleans, Birmingham and all points in the South-west.

Write for rates, schedules, illustrated booklets and other information.

J. J. PULLER, Dist. Pass. Agt.
1411 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

Keep your bowels regular by the use of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. There is nothing better. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale a house and lot, on Main street, Centre Hall. The house is two story, and well located.
For further particulars call on W. B. Mingle, Centre Hall.
(o. 22) D. OLIE STOVER, Berea, Ohio.

EASTER GOODS

We are now offering for the Easter Holidays the finest selection of CLOTHING, HATS, NECK-WEAR, Hosiery, Etc., that can be collected together.

Clothing from B. Kuppenheimer & Co.

The Swellest Neck-Wear from J. R. Keiser.

Manhattan Shirts . . . .
. . . . Cuyer & No Name Hats

The Latest Hosiery from Simon, Hatch & Whitten Co.

And all other goods from first hand, and best in their lines.

Merchant Tailoring Our Specialty

Suits made to order from $15 up.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Watch this space next week. In the meantime we invite you to call to see us. Our general line of merchandise is as complete as at any time in the past, and the prices are down to rock bottom.

...O. T. CORMAN...
SPRING MILLS

Ayer's Pills Wake up your liver. Cure your constipation. Get rid of your biliousness. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	1 00
Barley	45	Oats	30
		Corn	50

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	25
Potatoes	—	Eggs	15

DR. SMITH'S SALVE

CURES: Flesh Wounds, Ulcers, Felons, Carbuncles, Boils, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, White Swelling, Skin Eruptions, Fever Sores, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Corns, Bunions, Chapped Hands, Etc., Etc. By Mail, 25c. DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall.

Build up your Strength with JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE,

a pleasant, potent and permanent invigorator for WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.

INCIDENTS OF 1869.

Local Items Taken from the Centre Reporter of Interest to 1905 Readers.

MAY 21: Died—At the home of Michael Hettinger, in Gregg township, May 21st, Mrs. Polly Grove, consort of John Grove, deceased, aged sixty-six years.

Married—May 20, J. Wells Evans, of Spring Mills, and Miss Sallie M. Hess, of Montgomery Station.

JUNE 4: At a barn raising, near Pine Grove Mills, a piece of falling timber struck and killed a son of Henry Krebbs.

Married—Samuel Leitzell, of Gregg, and Miss Katie Mulbarger, of Harris.

Died—At Aaronsburg, Mary Magdalena, wife of Daniel Leitzell, aged seventy-two years. At Centre Hall, Mrs. Peggy McCalmant, nee Alexander, aged seventy-six.

Candidates for county offices were quite numerous in 1869. Those announced on the Democratic side follow. The star preceding a name indicates that nomination followed:

Sheriff—*Jacob G. Meyer, Haines; Col. William W. Love, Potter.

Prothonotary—*John Moran, Bellefonte; R. H. Foster, Bellefonte; James H. Lipton, Bellefonte; Christian D. Keller, Bellefonte.

Register—*John H. Morrison, Worth; G. W. Rumbarger, Patton; J. P. Gephart, Bellefonte; Samuel J. Herring, Gregg.

Recorder—*Israel Grenoble, Haines; Solomon Ettlinger, Haines.

Sheriff—*Daniel Woodring, Bellefonte; P. S. Bierly, Miles; James Furey, Bellefonte; Griffith Davis, Spring; D. C. Keller, Potter; Thomas McCoy, Philipsburg; Richard Conley, Benner; B. F. Brown, Harris; D. H. Yeager, Snow Shoe; Joseph L. Neff, Boggs.

Treasurer—*S. S. Wolf, Miles; Dr. J. H. Dobbins, Bellefonte; Joseph M. Wilson, Benner; John W. Krumfine, Ferguson.

Commissioner—*Joseph McCloskey, Curtin; John Sweeney, Spring.

The Radical ticket: Assembly, James P. Coburn, Haines. Prothonotary, Samuel Barr, Bellefonte. Treasurer, H. P. Caldwalarer, Potter. Register, William Curtin, Boggs. Commissioner, Lewis Hess, Snow Shoe. Recorder, D. H. Rote, Haines. Sheriff, J. B. Butts, Bellefonte.

The majorities at the succeeding election were as follows: Governor, Packer, 762. Meyer, 229; Moran, 226; Morrison, 361; Grenoble, 380; Woodring, 613; Wolf, 288; McCloskey, 369.

Mrs. I. O. Hoffer Dead.

Mrs. Hoffer, wife of I. Olie Hoffer, died at her home in Philadelphia, Wednesday morning. Mrs. Hoffer was a Philadelphia lady. Mr. Hoffer was born and raised near Centre Hall, and will have the sympathy of his many friends and acquaintances in this locality in his bereavement.

Marriage Licenses.

James H. Meyers, Rush township.
Rebecca Gardner, Rush township.
Howard C. Shadow, Tusseyville.
Leanore A. Holderman, Tusseyville.
Fearon Eckley, Bellefonte.
Mary A. Swetver, Bellefonte.

Went to Sunbury.

Penns Valley was well represented at the Odd Fellows anniversary at Sunbury. The number of tickets sold at the various stations are as follows: Bellefonte, 105; between Bellefonte and Lemont, 20; Lemont, 69; Oak Hall, 22; Linden Hall, 1; Centre Hall, 62; Spring Mills, 25; Coburn, 83.

Republican State Ticket.

The Republican state convention which met in Harrisburg Wednesday was largely attended.

The ticket nominated is as follows:

For State Treasurer—J. Lee Plummer, of Blair county.

For Judges of the Superior Court—Chas. E. Rice, of Luzerne, county; George B. Orlady, of Huntingdon county, and James A. Beaver, of Centre county.

Clinton Republican Ticket.

The ticket nominated by the Clinton county Republicans, follows: Sheriff, Charles Jacob Sigmund, Lamar township; prothonotary, John B. Lesher, Lock Haven; treasurer, Jesse S. Hall, Beech Creek borough; associate judges, William S. Harris, Lock Haven, and E. T. Swain Renovo; commissioners, Augustus L. Merrill, Lock Haven, and Robert Myers, Flemington. H. G. Shearer was re-elected county chairman.

Died in Altoona.

John H. Miller died at his home, 1001 Lincoln Avenue, Altoona, Friday morning. He was ill nine days and suffered from an affliction of the kidneys. In February last he was severely hurt by a fall on an icy pavement, since when he had suffered much from the injury then sustained, and which was doubtless the primary cause of his last illnes. He was aged sixty-one years, seven months and twenty-six days.

John H. Miller was the son of William and Leah Miller, and was born at Baileyville, this county, on August 25, 1843. On December 19, 1865, he was joined in matrimony with Nancy K. Bottorf, of Pine Grove Mills, by Rev. J. A. DeMoyer. To the union were born six children, all of whom are living except one.

Garman House Licensed.

Liquor license was issued to the Garman House, Bellefonte, Saturday noon.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will not be in Centre Hall this week, but Friday, May 5th.

Fertilizers for Sale.

Messrs. J. H. & S. E. Weber announce that they will have during the season fertilizers of all grades, and prices as low as any. The prices are based on the analysis of the goods. They invite you to call to see them before buying.

School Directors' Convention.

The school directors of Centre county will meet in convention Tuesday, May 2, at twelve o'clock noon, at the court house, Bellefonte, for the purpose of electing a superintendent of schools of Centre county. Attention is called to an article on this subject printed elsewhere in this issue.

Anthracite in Blair County.

A vein of anthracite coal has been discovered near Royer, Blair county, less than ten feet below the surface. The coal has been burned in stoves, and is of an excellent quality.

The discovery has occasioned considerable excitement among the farmers but the extent of the vein has not been ascertained.

Sawed His Arm.

While operating an edging saw, Samuel Fredricks, of Farmers Mills, received a serious wound on the forearm. The carriage became disconnected, and it was while he was adjusting the same that the accident occurred. The gash was made in the fleshy part of the arm and looked ghastly before dressed by Dr. H. S. Braucht, of Spring Mills. Mr. Fredricks, although he suffers some pain, has been able to be about the greater part of the time since Saturday, the time the accident happened.

LOCALS.

These are beautiful April days. Farmers and all others who have outside work are busy as bees.

John Rossman, formerly of Linden Hall, is now located at Lemont as assistant station agent under Irvin Dreese.

The Odd Fellows anniversary, held at Sunbury, Wednesday, was largely attended by members of the order in Penns Valley.

Court, this week, was attended by a large number of people from Centre Hall, who were either jurors, witnesses or had some other business before court.

The next meeting of the Huntingdon Presbytery will be in Burnham on the first Monday evening in June. An adjourned fall meeting of the Presbytery will be held in Huntingdon on the first Monday evening in October.

Charles Glenn, the second smallpox patient boarding with Austin Krape, at Reedsville, has the disease in a very light manner, due no doubt to the fact that he was vaccinated immediately after his brother was discovered to have smallpox.

Capt. George M. Boal, one of the delegates to the Republican State Convention, joined the Bellefonte delegation that went to the State capital in a special car, Tuesday afternoon. The party traveled by way of Tyrone, and returning, came over the branch.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack A. Weaver, of Colyer, were brief callers Tuesday morning. The Weavers have concluded that Potter township is a better place to live than West Virginia, and consequently came back from that state last fall and have begun farming.

Those exposed to smallpox germs were permitted to leave their homes in Centre Hall Monday morning, the quarantine having been lifted at that time. The health authorities were satisfied that further enforcement of the quarantine rules would be useless.

The public high school building, in Sunbury, took fire the other day. Several hundred children were within its walls at the time, but owing to the fact that the fire was confined to one of the upper rooms the occupants of the building were permitted to pass out without accident.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin F. Solt, of Gettysburg, for the past few days have been staying at the Centre Hall hotel. Mr. Solt left Centre Hall about seventeen years ago, with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Solt, for Maryland, and later located at Gettysburg, where he opened a merchant tailoring establishment. He has been successful in business and is at present enjoying a good trade and the fruits of a number of years of profitable business.

That the family of Adam Neese, formerly living on the Bruss farm near this place, are living happily in their new home at Freemont, Snyder county, may be guessed from the fact that Mr. Neese's birthday was celebrated in a fitting manner recently. A number of neighbors and friends gave the head of the family a genuine surprise on this occasion. The evening was spent in a most pleasant way, the refreshments being no small part of the enjoyment by the many guests.

LOCALS.

Hon. L. Rhone is having the interior of his house re-painted.

Miss Lizzie Snyder built a walk in front of her house in Centre Hall.

J. A. Reesman is re-roofing the barn of William Tate, west of town. The roof was carried away during the recent storm.

Twelve pounds is the weight of a girl baby that was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Markle, who reside south of Linden Hall.

During the recent storm lightning struck the stable of Mrs. Coldren, in Centre Hall, and damaged the same to considerable extent.

The Misses Geiss, at Centre Hall, received garments from Edward B. Grossman & Co. recently and invite you to call and inspect the goods.

Clinton county has two candidates for county superintendent—the present incumbent, Ira N. McCloskey, and Prof. B. J. Bower, the latter a resident of Mill Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mowery, Miss Anna Mowery and Edward McNitt, all of Burnham, drove through Centre Hall Saturday evening, their objective point being Bellefonte.

Miss Bessie Weber, a student at Woman's College, Frederick, Md., was home during Easter vacation, and will return Monday of next week. Miss Weber sang a beautiful solo in the Reformed church Sunday night.

The way the governor is obliged to veto bills because of inconsistencies and obscurities, incomprehensible language, etc., indicates that legislators must have studied politics instead of English during their school days.

Justice Elmer Herlacher, of Loganton, recently purchased the Henry Showers homestead in Brush Valley at private sale. The property consists of three hundred acres of land, fifty acres under cultivation. Also a peach orchard of five hundred trees, and a lot of valuable timber.

Wheat took a tumble in price, the Chicago market being below the dollar mark for May deliveries. The local wheat growers may feel fortunate if they disposed of their crop at the dollar point. The prospects for a good crop throughout the country had a tendency to lower the price of the wheat on hand.

The roof on the Van Tries farm barn, near Linden Hall remains unrepaired. A section of the roof fully 20x20 was carried one hundred feet from the building. This farm was rented by James W. Swabb, who in turn is having the farming done on the shares by several neighboring farmers, among them being Lloyd Brown and Robert McClellan. John Coble is living in the farm house.

Ayer's

Impure blood always shows somewhere. If the skin, then boils, pimples, rashes. If the nerves, then neuralgia, nervousness, depression. If the

Sarsaparilla

stomach, then dyspepsia, biliousness, loss of appetite. Your doctor knows the remedy, used for 60 years.

"Returning from the Cuban war, I was a perfect wreck. My blood was bad, and my health was gone. But a few bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla completely cured me."
H. C. BOEHLER, Scranton, Pa.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Impure Blood

Aid the Sarsaparilla by keeping the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills.

$18.95 A Low Down Wagon at a Way Down Price

Steel Wheels, 3¼x9 Skeins. The best we can buy.

Easy on the team, easy to load, easy to buy. Has 4-inch wide tire, cheaper and better than a high-wheel wagon. For hauling anything—hay, stock, fodder, grain, manure, etc. It fits every farm purpose, fills every wagon need and outwears any other made. Send for Catalogue. Finest Wagon Book Ever Issued.

Our "Whitewater" Farm Wagons Reduced to $28.50 and up

Send for Wagon Catalogue and "Side by Side" Leaflet, illustrating and describing the finest line of Wagons, and explaining the difference in sizes, weights, methods of bracing, tires, equipment, etc., between ours and others. We allow no concern to undersell us quality for quality. Most liberal offer and guaranty ever made. Send for book today. We ship quick. Write 18

Montgomery Ward & Co.
Michigan Ave., Madison and Washington Sts. CHICAGO

D. A. BOOZER
...SADDLER...
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Before you buy, take a look through the only completely stocked Harness Shop in Penns Valley. You can see anything in the Harness line. The goods and prices can not be beaten. . . .

HARNESS

We always have in stock a full and complete line of Harness, both for heavy and light use, hand and factory made. Also, collars, bridles, lines, tie straps, halters, rings, buckles, etc. In fact, everything needed in the saddelry line

A FEW PRICES

Raw Hide Whips	20 Cts.
Heavy Draught Collars	$1.00 and up
Brown and White Sweat Pads for Heavy Work	25 Cts.
Heavy Wooden Hames	50c, 75c, $1.00
Harness Oil	60c per Gallon
Trace Chains	70 Cts.
Buggy Harness	$9.00

BLANKETS AND ROBES

A little late in the season, but you can have Blankets and Robes at cost, which warrants buying now.

Stock Food—The best on the market, 5 Cents per Lb.

A Full Line of Dr. Daniels' Remedies. . . .

BEFORE MAKING YOUR PURCHASE call to see me, look over the stock and get prices.

H. F. ROSSMAN

To our Friends and Customers

We call your attention to our line of Spring and Summer Goods . . .

BEAUTIFUL WAIST PATTERNS—in White.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR in Muslin and Cambric. Corset Covers, Skirts, Night Gowns and Drawers. Stafford Waists for Children.

OXFORDS and SHOES

For Men, Women and Children. Also, a good line of TAN HOSE. Call and see

H. F. ROSSMAN

Spring Mills, Pa.

Kreamer & Son

All the Staple Goods

Will be found at our Store, and the prices on these as well as on all other goods are marked and sold at the lowest possible figure.

Groceries, including the various breakfast foods, crackers, biscuits, coffee substitutes, etc., are offered in variety.

Rubber Goods, Felts, Working Shirts, Overalls, Shoes for all, etc.

We will be pleased to have at least a portion of your trade. We will aim to use you fair.

F. E. WIELAND
Linden Hall, Pa.

Is Selling the WOLFE BROS. Shoes for Ladies and Children--the best $1.50 Shoe on the market.

Full Line FREED BROS. Shoes

Also, MEN'S PLOW SHOES, and BOYS' HEAVY SHOES.

A lot of Fine Shoes for Girls and Boys, and a complete line of light weight RUBBER GOODS. He asks you to inspect his stock before making your Spring Purchase.

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills.

J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

Let an **EXPERT BUGGY MAKER** Give you some **INSIDE FACTS**

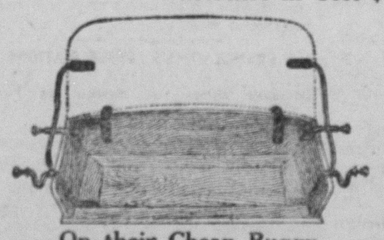
Mr. F. L. Shaw, manager of our vehicle interests, bought two buggies from the same house the other day. One cost $18.00 more than the other. Then he took the buggies all apart to see just why one was higher priced than the other. Here is what he found out:

Both buggies had exactly the same seat and back, same size body, same wheels, shafts and everything else, except that the higher priced one had 14-oz. cloth trimmings instead of Keratol, found in the cheaper; a leather boot, instead of rubber; a better axle, and the finish on the woodwork was slightly better, but not very much.

Read the difference—and learn how easily price can be raised without changing the grade, in a buggy.

SIDE BY SIDE:

Difference in Cost $3.80. Difference in Price to You $18.00.



On their Cheap Buggy	On the Best They Make
Seat and back (see illustrations).	Same.
Body 23 inches wide, 54 inches long.	Same.
Malleable 5th wheel without anti-rattler.	Same.
Malleable head block (considered poor).	Same.
Malleable Bailey Loop (cheapest made).	Same.
Common reaches.	Same.
Steel sockets.	Same.
Hickory and elm wheels (low grade).	Same.
Common axle.	Long distance.
Wheels painted by dipping.	Same.
6-oz. head lining in top.	Same.
Shafts (cheap grade).	Same.
Keratol trimming.	14 oz. cloth.
Rubber boot.	Leather Boot.
Leather quarter top	Same.
Finish, cheap	Slightly better.

What do they give for the $18.00 difference in price?

The actual difference in cost, to the buggy maker, did not exceed $3.80, yet one buggy costs you $18.00 more than the other.

Now, either the factory making and selling these buggies to the house Mr. Shaw bought from, was fooling the house, or the house was fooling you. In either case, you were paying $18.00 for $3.80 worth.

We tell you these things because we believe in a square deal!

There isn't one purchaser of a buggy in a hundred—no, nor in a thousand—who can tell of his own knowledge the cause for the difference in prices between one buggy and another.

We make our own buggies.

We are the only general merchandising concern in the world that does.

The prices to you on our different buggies are based on the manufacturing costs.

We make the same small percentage of profit on a $70.00 rig that we do on a $40.00 outfit, and you get full value for every dollar you pay.

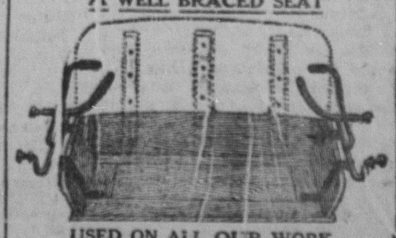
The difference in our buggies is not merely in the price. It's in the quality.

If you are a judge of buggy values we ask you to compare our vehicles with any make you know of, price for price.

If you are not an expert judge of buggy values, you are safe to order from us, for we give honest value for every dollar you spend. And we guarantee you satisfaction.

The thousands who have purchased vehicles of us write us of their perfect satisfacton and of $10.00 to $50.00 saved on each one.

A WELL BRACED SEAT



USED ON ALL OUR WORK.

WHAT OTHERS SAY

"I feel I cannot say enough for Ward buggies, but mine speaks for itself." A. L. TAYLOR, Albion, Ill.

"The timber in your work stood our mountain roads well. Used it 4 years." P. H. HAWKINS, Cashier Bank Columbus, Mont.

"My $46.90 job is far ahead of the $60 to $70 buggies sold here." Jno. T. Carter.

Our New Vehicle Catalogue tells the truth without exaggeration. It describes in detail just the rig you want. Safe rig, safe price, safe house to deal with. Let us send you this vehicle catalogue, free. Remember, Mr. F. L. Shaw, an expert vehicle man, looks after your interest.

Address, 5

Montgomery Ward & Co. Michigan Ave. Madison and Washington Sts., Chicago

QUITS FRENCH WATERS

Rojestvensky Gets Direct Orders From the Czar.

TOGO IS SOUTH OF FORMOSA.

His Main Squadron Assembling in Readiness for the Russians—Indications That Admiral Kamimura May Soon Call at Manila—Japanese Consul Tacre Has Cable Advices for Him.

Upon the request of France the Czar ordered Admiral Rojestvensky to remove his fleet immediately from French territorial waters. Subsequently the French government was officially informed that the Russians sailed from Kamranh Bay Saturday. Their destination is unknown. The Japanese had secured indisputable evidence that the Russians were in Kamranh Bay and receiving supplies there.

Admiral Togo's main squadron will assemble south of Formosa, according to advices received by the Japanese consul at Manila, Vice Admiral Kamimura is apparently about to make a call at Manila, as the Japanese consul there has a cablegram from him.

The Russians in Manchuria are making a move northeasterly toward Korea, evidently with the intention of trying to bar the Japanese from advancing on Vladivostok. The three Russian cruisers at the latter part are sailing about in front of the town when no Japanese warships are in sight.

Czar's Orders Promptly Obeyed.

Paris (By Cable).—The French government has been officially informed that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron left Kamranh Bay Saturday. The destination of the squadron is unknown.

Officials here maintain that the gravity of the Franco-Japanese issue over neutrality has been considerably relieved by the vigorous measures which France adopted. Emperor Nicholas' orders to Vice Admiral Rojestvensky to leave French waters are the direct result.

To have the Emperor give a decisive order, it is held here, signifies that such order must be obeyed, whereas Vice Admiral Rojestvensky had exercised his personal discretion as to observing orders emanating from the Russian Admiralty concerning French waters off the coast of Madagascar.

The Journal des Debats publishes a long editorial article on the Franco-Japanese incident, which says:

"While Japan's anxiety is naturally great over the approach of the Russian squadron, yet Japanese public opinion seems to have been proof of too much emotion and sensitiveness. The facts concerning the presence of the Russian squadron in Kamranh Bay have not been exactly known and nothing indicated our intention to disregard known facts. Nevertheless, Japan shows great public effervescence. The Japanese press comments freely, and public meetings have been organized to denounce our supposed hostile attitude toward Japan. It is surprising that such things should occur in a country where one hardly expects to see street opinion substituted for diplomacy."

Japs Have Dots on Russians.

Tokio (By Cable).—The Navy Department has issued the following statement of indisputable witnesses who personally observed and report as follows about the Russian second Pacific squadron in Kamranh Bay:

"Two cruisers, one with three masts and two funnels, of the Dmitri Donskoi class, the other with two masts and three funnels, were seen cruising outside of the harbor. To four-masted merchantmen and a one-funnel steamer were anchored outside the northern entrance of the harbor.

"Five vessels resembling battleships were anchored inside the harbor.

"Two battleships with two masts and three funnels, flying admirals' flags, were anchored inside the harbor.

"Six warships, anchored in single formation, lay outside the harbor, off its southern entrance.

"Heavy smoke was seen arising inside the harbor."

Although the report does not say so, it is believed that Read Admiral Rojestvensky is using the harbor to clean his ships, to coal, adjust his torpedoes, clean his guns, prepare ammunition and receive fresh stores.

The Japanese newspapers continue their unfriendly comment of the French government over the Kamranh Bay incident, despite the efforts of the conservatives toward repression, pending the result of negotiations. Popular feeling is growing more intense. The government continues to withhold the correspondence with France regarding the affair.

Guns Roar at Sea.

Saigon, French Cochin China (By Cable).—The complete Russian fleet left Kamranh Bay April 22 at midday. At night heavy cannonading was heard out at sea. It is supposed the Russian fleet was engaged with a portion of the Japanese squadron.

Before the departure of the squadron Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky visited Admiral Jonquieres.

No Russian officer or sailor landed from the fleet in Kamranh Bay. They had expected Nebogatoff's detachment of the squadron to arrive at any moment.

The natives were highly pleased with the great rise in the price of provisions, owing to the Russian visit.

Moors Attack Walled City.

Manila (By Cable).—The walled city of Jolo was attacked by Moros on April 9. They fired into the Officers' Club and dispersed those present at a ball which was in progress. On April 10 the secretary of Governor Scott was ambushed and killed within range of the sentries. A datto refugee from Borneo has organized the Moros who are defying the Americans. Gen. Leonard Wood has arrived at Jolo from Zamboanga, and given the Moros 10 days within which to surrender the refugee datto.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

The Republicans of the First Congressional district of Indiana nominated Judge Foster to succeed James A. Hemenway, elected to the United States Senate.

In a cave-in at a coal mine on Herron Hill, in Pittsburg, Thomas Fitzgerald, aged 14 years, was killed and two men fatally injured.

Frank J. McKinnon, apprentice seaman, was the second victim of cerebrospinal meningitis at the Naval Training Station at Newport.

The walled city of Jolo, in the Philippines, was attacked by Moros. The secretary of Governor Scott was ambushed and killed.

United States Commissioner Ridgeway, in New York, discharged three men who had a stolen United States bond for $10,000.

Sam Vandenbroeck blazed away into a charivari party near Lowell, Mich., wounding several of the crowd.

Charles Hollenbeck committed suicide in Johnstown, N. Y., by taking carbolic acid.

Nearly 10,000 immigrants arrived in New York. The total number of immigrants landed in New York during the month is 62,791, as against 42,447 landed during the corresponding period in April, 1904.

Application was made in the United States Court at Chicago for the appointment of a receiver for the Equitable Society and for the distribution of its surplus among the stockholders.

At Allentown, Pa., 20 Hungarian laborers, residing in a boarding-house, were rendered insensible by chloroform and were robbed of their savings of more than $3,000.

A panic was narrowly averted among the hospital patients on Blackwell Island by the overturning of a pot of boiling wax and the ignition of the floor.

Three members of a gang of shoplifters from Chicago were sentenced to 11 months in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $500 each in New York.

Prosecutor Keeler, of Cleveland, may try Mrs. Chadwick on forgery charge. Doubt is expressed if she can be convicted of conspiracy if given a new trial.

A man who registered at the Hotel Hastings, in Brooklyn, as Henry Brenner, of Philadelphia, committed suicide by gas asphyxiation.

A woman and her two daughters were found dead in their home in New York, having been asphyxiated by illuminating gas.

The handsome country home of Brutus J. Clay, minister to Switzerland, at Paris, Ky., was burned.

The Montana Supreme Court affirmed the decision of the District Supreme Court of Silver Bow County in the Minne Haly case, Chief Justice Brantly dissenting. This decision favored Heinze.

Mrs. Florence Cunard, of London, formerly Miss Florence McFeeters, of Baltimore, obtained judgment in a Philadelphia court against her first husband, E. M. Padelford, for $9,469.

The Cincinnati and Florida express on the Southern Railroad broke through a burning trestle near Rome, Ga. None of the passengers was injured.

George Gould, who killed Alonzo R. Hammond, of Chicago, whom he accused of alienating his wife's affections, was acquitted in Chicago.

Mme. Teetrazini, an Italian opera singer, had Signor Uriburu arrested in San Francisco on the charge of misappropriating her funds.

The snow along the Union Pacific is so deep that telegraph and telephone lines are down and traffic is impeded.

Dr. I. S. Wegand committed suicide in Denver, Col., because he had been indicted for illegal use of the mails.

A man who registered as George Burro, of Washington, was found asphyxiated in a New York hotel.

Foreign.

The strike at the procelain works at Limoges, France, has ended by the proprietors and workmen signing an agreement which includes the removal of the foreman of the Haviland factory, whose conduct mainly caused the trouble.

The central committee of the Russian journalists adopted resolutions of sympathy with the mother of Ivan Kaleieff, condemned to death as the assassin of Grand Duke Sergius.

M. Delcasse has yielded to the entreaties of President Loubet, of France, and his cabinet associates, and consented to retain the position of minister of foreign affairs.

The Marchioness Pallavicini, Viscountess of Trent, Austria, committed suicide by shooting in the Cathedral of Milan during the Good Friday services.

Hedwig Niemann Raabe, a noted German actress, died in Berlin.

French orders have been given for the disarmament of the Russian cruiser Diana, which took refuge under one of the coast forts in August, 1904. She has undergone important repairs to essential portions of her machinery, which now will be handed over to the French authorities at Saigon, French Cochin-China.

The Italian Premier having promised to consider a scheme for arbitration of differences between the railroad men and the government ,the strike of the former has about ended.

It is reported that General Maximovitch has resigned the governor generalship of Warsaw owing to differences with the minister regarding Polish concessions.

The docks and warehouses of the German Nordsee Steamship Company at Bremen were destroyed by fire.

It is reported that M. Shipoff, president of the Moscow Zemstvo, will succeed M. Bouligin as Russian minister of the interior.

The Russian commission appointed to consider questions relating to peasant tenure of lands is of a reactionary makeup.

M. Paul Lessar, Russian minister to China, died from the effects of having his foot amputated.

In political circles in Sofia it is declared that if Crete should be annexed to Greece, the Kingdom of Bulgaria will immediately be declared.

WERE TIPPED WITH POISON

Daggers Used By the Russian Revolutionists.

STRICT ORDERS TO THE GOVERNORS.

Revolutionary Songs and Recitations in the Russian Theaters and Music Halls Accelerate the Movement for Liberty—Officials Fear Dangerous Demonstrations During the Easter Holidays.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—In all recent attacks on the police and administrative officers in Poland their assailants have used poisoned bullets and daggers.

At the popular theaters and music halls performers are arousing great demonstrations by singing and reciting revolutionary verses. These are introduced as encores, not appearing on the regular programs, which must be passed by the theatrical censor.

Recently the performers did not hesitate to lampoon the imperial family under a thin disguise. On the trick being discovered rigid instructions were issued to the police not to allow a single encore which had not previously been approved by the censorship.

In order to insure prompt action in case of demonstrations the governors and other officials of all the provinces have been directed to remain at their offices during the Easter holidays and be prepared for any emergency.

The central committee of the journalists' organization, composed of many of the most celebrated Russian writers, including Korolenko, Gessen, Annensky, etc., has adopted a resolution of sympathy with the mother of Ivan Keleieff, condemned to death as the assassin of Grand Duke Sergius, expressing the hope that the time will soon arrive when Russian mothers will no longer be obliged to sacrifice their sons in the struggle for liberty.

DID HE SEE YOUNG KILLED?

Man in Chicago Says Man in Cab Shot Himself.

Newark, N. J. (Special).—The Vorwaerth, a Jewish newspaper published in this city, has received a card from a Chicago man who says he thinks he was a witness to the killing of "Caesar" Young, for which "Nan" Patterson is on trial in New York city. The card is written in Hebrew and is signed by "B. Rosen, 36½ Fourth street, Chicago."

The writer says he was in New York looking for work last June and was on West Broadway, near Chambers street, when he noticed a cab containing a man and woman. The man was evidently pleading with the woman. Suddenly the man pulled out a pistol and shot himself. Rosen hurried away and knew nothing of what happened afterward. He knew nothing about the "Nan" Patterson case until recently, when he read about the case in a Jewish newspaper. He is convinced that Young and "Nan" Patterson were the pair in the cab.

BIG BLAZE AT NASHVILLE.

Main Building of Vanderbilt University is Destroyed.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special).—The main building of Vanderbilt University was gutted by fire, causing a loss of about $200,000. The fire originated in the second story of the building from a defective flue. A high wind was blowing, and in a few minutes the structure was a mass of flames. On account of inadequate water supply the firemen experienced much difficulty in fighting the fire.

The building was of brick and of splendid proportions. It was built in 1874 at a cost of $125,000, the architect being Col. William C. Smith, of Nashville, who met his death in the Philippines while leading the First Tennessee Regiment in battle. There was $75,000 insurance on the building and $40,000 on the furnishings. It was the first building erected on the grounds. The operation of the university will not be interfered with.

FRANCE FEARS COMPLICATIONS.

Delcasse Offers to Resign as Foreign Minister.

Paris, (By Cable).—After a notable service of nearly eight years in the direction of foreign affairs, Theophile Delcasse Friday informed the President of the Council Rouvier of his desire and intention to resign.

This announcement came as a surprise and shock to M. Delcasse's colleagues of the cabinet, who immediately took steps to secure a reconsideration of his determination. A cabinet council was held, at which M. Rouvier, in the absence of M. Delcasse, laid the situation before the ministers. It was the unanimous determination of the council that the interest of the country at this particular time required that M. Delcasse retain the portfolio of foreign affairs.

Kuropatkin's Salary.

St. Petersburg, (By Cable).—The Bourse Gazette says that General Kuropatkin's request for a continuation of his salary as commander-in-chief, at $72,000 per annum, has been refused by the War Office. He now receives $54,000, the same salary as Admiral Alexieff received as Viceroy of the Far East, whose four chancelleries will continue in operation until the final fate of the Kwangtung peninsula is determined.

Washed Feet of Poor.

Vienna (By Cable).—The yearly ceremony on Maundy Thursday of feeding and washing the feet of the 12 oldest and poorest men in Vienna capable of being brought to the palace was performed by Emperor Francis Joseph. It was attended by all the magnificence of the Imperial court and was witnessed by the members of the Imperial family, the highest officials and members of the diplomatic corps.

MRS. McLEAN ELECTED.

Victor After Eight Years, She Counsels Harmony.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Mrs. Donal McLean, a native of Maryland, after a contest lasting more than eight years was elected President-General of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The vote on the second ballot was 362 for Mrs. McLean and 330 for Mrs. Sternberg.

When the vote was announced the delgates cheered, leaping to their feet, waving handkerchiefs and some in the excitement leaped upon chairs and threw their arms wildly in the air.

Mrs. Sternberg, the defeated candidate, obtained the attention of the delegates, and in a few words of thanks to those who had worked and voted for her moved that the election of Mrs. McLean be made unanimous. Mrs. Lippitt, who withdrew from the race after the first ballot, seconded the motion. Then the excitement reached its height.

Mrs. Fairbanks put the motion and when the yeas were called the tumult shook the building. The nays were then called and, to the surprise of all and the astonishment of the two unsuccessful candidates, several voices in the rear of the hall voted in the negative. That was the signal for a hitherto unwitnessed scene in the Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution. There was a storm of hisses from the floor and from the galleries.

Mrs. Fairbanks stood with gavel upraised, a look of astonishment and disbelief on her face. She rapped loudly for order, and when the noise had somewhat subsided she said:

"It ill becomes a member of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to show such poor taste. The President-General-elect has won a good fight, and it is not worthy of a Daughter to show her ill-feeling and animosity at a time when the defeated candidates ask that the election be declared unanimous. I hope the members who voted in the negative will withdraw their votes."

There was no further demonstration on the part of the dissatisfied ones, and Mrs. McLean was escorted to the platform.

To those acquainted with the bitterness of the fight which has been carried on in the ranks of the Daughters of the American Revolution through the last eight years the meeting of the leaders of the two opposing factions was of decided interest. After years of victory, Mrs. Fairbanks was defeated. She was welcoming as her successor the foe whom she had fought for so many years. Mrs. McLean was triumphant and eager to take the gavel from the hands of the noted woman she had vanquished. Yet the bows of acknowledgment and the grasp of the hand did not indicate any feeling between these women. Mrs. Fairbanks, cool and collected, with grave face; Mrs. McLean, smiling, triumphant and with emotion visibly suppressed—they stood for the moment and gazed intently into each other's eyes. Then, with a smile, Mrs. Fairbanks turned to the congress and introduced Mrs. McLean as the President-General-elect of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.

In 1898 earthquakes were felt in Austria on 209 days.

The hottest and coldest months for the ocean are August and February.

Moscow is situated almost in the geometrical center of European Russia.

Tokio is a few degrees colder than London in January, and 15 degrees warmer in July.

An English schoolboy was asked what "etc." meant. "It is a sign used in writing to make people think you know more than you do."

Experiments justify the conclusion that increasing the intensity of light 200,000 times does not alter its velocity by as much as two feet a second.

Lifeboats were launched on service no fewer than 294 occasions on the American coast last year and saved 519 lives. The fleet of lifeboats numbers 285.

It is estimated by the commonwealth statistician that since 1892 the population of Australia gas gained 27,558 by new arrivals and lost 29,000 by departures.

The fraternity of bellringers is known in Britain as "the exercise," as the dramatic profession is known as "the" profession. A bellringer is a "member of the exercise."

Frank Vincent Du Mond, the famous artist and proprietor of the Lyme School, has been appointed chief of the art department of the Lewis and Clark Exposition.

Arabia has the reputation of being one of the hottest and unhealthiest regions on the globe; but all Northern Arabia has a winter season, with cold rains and occasional frosts.

It is reported that an American syndicate is negotiating for the purchase of a controlling interest in the E. B. Eddy Company, Hull, Quebec, the purchase price to be $4,000,000.

The superior board of health of Mexico informs dealers in food products, especially milk dealers, that the use of preservatives in food is prohibited and punishable by the board as food adulteration.

If the camphor bottle becomes roilly, it is going to storm. When it clears, settled weather may be expected. This idea has seemingly been utilized in the manufacture of some of our cheap barometers. The main trouble is they seldom foretell the change until near its arrival.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

The governing board of the Bureau of American Republics elected William C. Wells chief clerk against Gordon Cummings, who was President Roosevelt's choice.

The Daughters of the American Revolution adopted resolutions denouncing Mormonism and urging the Senate not to seat Reed Smoot.

Dr. Jacob H. Hollander has secured Otto Schoenrich to be his secretary in his mission to Santo Domingo.

14 PEOPLE PERISHED

One Nun, Nine Children, Four Old Ladies.

A WILD ALARM AT MIDNIGHT.

The Burned Building Stands in the Little Village of St. Genevieve, Near Montreal, Can.—Two Nuns Were Probably Fatally Burned in Heroic Efforts to Rescue the Children—Villagers Hastened to the Scene.

Montreal, Quebec, (By Cable).—A disastrous fire started early in the morning and reduced to ashes the convent in the little village of St. Genevive. One nun, nine children and four old women lost their lives.

As soon as the fire was discovered villagers formed bucket brigades and every possible effort was made to save the building, but the fire had gained such headway that it was soon apparent that there was no chance of this. The occupants, aroused by the smoke, attempted to grope their way out of the building. Sister Marie Adjuteur, in heroic efforts to save the lives of the children in her charge, succumbed to the smoke and flames. The pupils who perished were in a part of the building where the fire had obtained too much headway before the alarm was given to enable those who responded to effect their rescue.

The fire started about midnight. An effort was made to get Pointe Claire by telephone so that assistance could be had from Montreal, but for some reason, yet to be explained, no response was received from Pointe Claire.

Meanwhile the fire was spreading with fearful rapidity. The excitement was frightful as it became apparent that many lives would be lost.

The fire started in the old ladies' hospice, and the smoke was so thick that the children on the floor above were unable to get down.

The convent was called St. Anne's, and was a branch of the convent of the Sisters of St. Anne's of Lachine.

The building was a gray stone structure, handsome, massive in character and, with the church, it formed a central feature of the pretty little village.

St. Genevive is a village and parish of Jacques Cartier county, on Riviere des Praries. It is three miles from Beaconsfield and five miles from Pointe Claire.

Two nuns, Sister Marie Theresa and Sister Marie Robertine, who risked their lives saving the children, were so severely burned that their lives are despaired of.

CONDITION OF THE CROPS.

Weekly Bulletin Issued By the Weather Bureau.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—Crop reports from all sections of the country are summarized in the weekly bulletin of the Weather Bureau as follows:

Oven nearly the whole of the country the week ended April 17 was abnormally cold and unfavorable for germination and growth. In Western North Dakota the temperature fell nearly to zero on the 16th and on this and the following date exceptionally low temperatures for the season occurred throughout the country east of the Rocky Mountains, freezing temperatures occurring as far south as the northern portions of Alabama and Georgia and Central South Carolina, with light to heavy frosts in the central portion of the East Gulf States and light frost at Jacksonville. The damaging effects of this cold period, which came at the close of the week, are not fully covered in the reports collected at the climate and crop centers on the 17th and used in the preparation of this bulletin. Heavy rains were unfavorable in the South Atlantic and Central Gulf States, while the need of rain is beginning to be felt in portions of the Lower Missouri Valley and on the extreme North Pacific Coast. The temperature conditions on the Pacific Coast were unfavorable.

While corn-planting has continued in Kansas, Missouri and Southern Illinois, none has been planted farther north nor in the Upper Ohio Valley and Middle States. Preparations for planting have been active in the central valleys, where planting will be vigorously pushed as soon as temperature conditions are favorable. In the South Atlantic and East Gulf States planting is about finished and early corn is being cultivated.

Winter wheat continues in promising condition generally throughout the country, but is beginning to need rain in portions of Kansas and Michigan.

Very slow progress was made with spring wheat seeding over the northern portion of the spring wheat region, as this work could be prosecuted only in the afternoons on account of low temperatures. The early sown spring wheat does not appear to have sustained injury from recent cold, except in Nebraska, where some fields were slightly damaged.

Oat seeding was also delayed in the Dakotas, Minnesota lake region and portions of the Middle Atlantic States. While growth of the early sown has been checked and some injury sustained in Nebraska, the general situation respecting this crop continues promising.

While fruit must necessarily have sustained injury from the severe cold during the latter part of the week in the Central and Southern districts, it is probable that in the more northerly sections to the eastward of the Mississippi River the damage has been less serious. In New England and the northern portion of the Lake Region it is probable that no serious injury has been done.

Actor Shoots His Wife.

Philadelphia, (Special).—During a quarrel in a theatrical boarding-house, Edward Smeders, a member of Edna May's "The School Girl" Company, shot his wife Mabel and attempted to kill himself. The bullet entered his wife's breast near the heart, and her condition is said to be seriouss. Smeders was not seriously hurt. The man and woman are in a hospital, Smeders being guarded by a policeman.

OPPOSED TO CIGARETTES.

Drastic Laws Against Their Use in Western States.

Chicago, (Special).—Legislation so drastic that it probably will have the effect of driving the cigarette from many of the Middle Western States has been enacted or is pending in the Legislatures of these Commonwealths, and in a majority of cases the doom of the "paper pipes" apparently is only a question of a short time.

Already laws have been enacted in Indiana and Wisconsin, and the penalties for violation of the measure are so heavy that they will bankrupt the dealers if they attempt to run counter to the provisions of the laws and are caught.

Not only are the foes and friends of cigarettes keenly interested in the fight, but temperance advocates all over the country are keeping close watch on the situation.

In Indiana the law became effective last week, and local officers throughout the State, acting under instructions from police boards, began the enforcement of the law, and a large number of arrests are reported of persons found smoking cigarettes or having cigarette paper in their possession. In every case the person arrested was fined where a trial was held, and in the great majority of cases the fines were paid.

The new law prescribes penalties against anyone who sells, gives away or has in his possession any cigarettes or cigarette paper, and the penalties are doubled with each infraction of the law.

Cigarette-smoking will cease in Wisconsin July 1. Governor La Follette signed the most stringent law that has been enacted by any State. The penalties range from a fine of $5 to a fine of 500 and six months' imprisonment, and as an aid in the enforcement of the law half the money collected in fine goes to informants.

In Illinois a measure is pending. In Nebraska a measure has been passed, and it will become effective on July 1. In Michigan a bill has been passed by the House and is pending in the Senate. In Minnesota a bill was killed by its indefinite postponement in the Senate.

FIRST AID ASSOCIATION.

Articles For the Incorporation of a National Organization.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the recorder of deeds of the District of Columbia by the National First Aid Association of America. Miss Clara Barton and Julia B. Hubbel, of Washington; Mrs. Sewall Reed and Harry H. Hartung, of Boston; Roscoe C. Wells and Mary I. Kenzel, of West Somerville, Mass., and George Grantville Darling, of Dedham, Mass., are mentioned as directors, and General Miles is among the charter members.

The purpose of the organization is declared to be purely benevolent and philanthropic. Classes for instruction in giving first aid to the victims of accidents are to be established "in every community in America."

ATTACKED BY COCAINE FIEND.

Nine-year-old Child Thrown Over Viaduct a Hundred Feet High.

Cincinnati, (Special).—Loretta Keckeler, aged nine years, was thrown from Liberty street viaduct to the ground, 83 feet below. The girl may die. Charles Finch was later arrested. The girl and her six-year-old brother, who was a witness to the assault, said Finch, who was stupefied with cocaine, was the man concerned.

The children said the man grabbed the boy's hat, and that the girl told him not to touch it. The man seized the girl and tossed her over the viaduct rail.

Finch said he knew nothing about throwing the girl over the viaduct. He said a colored man gave him the drug, and he had not remembered anything after taking some of the cocaine.

Panama Railroad Pays.

New York, (Special).—At its meeting here President Simmons of the Panama Railroad Company reported that the net earnings of the road over its operating expenses for 1904 were $1,243,679, and the net earnings above outlay for repairs, betterments and fixed charges were $710,895, or more than 10 per cent. of the capital stock. His report showed that the increased business of the steamship line had necessitated chartering passenger and cargo steamers at a cost of $200,000.

Secret Service For Manila.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—Chief Wilkie, of the Secret Service, left here for Honolulu and the Philippine Islands. A branch of the Secret Service will be established at the former place and possibly one at Manila. Mr. Wilkie expects to be gone about three months.

Seven Children Perished.

Quebec, (By Cable).—Seven children of a family named Bouchier at Ste. Anne de Pocatiere, some miles from here in the backwoods, have been burned to death in the Bouchier home, which caugh fire accidentally.

Dowie Has Option on Big Tract.

City of Mexico, (Special). — John Alexander Dowie, of Chicago, has closed negotiations and obtained option on a tract of 2,000,000 acres in the State of Tamaulipas, where he proposes to found a new Zion city.

FINANCIAL.

T. C. Colkert, the Penn Square broker, was elected a director of the Philadelphia, Germantown and Norristown Railroad.

A. J. Cassatt is quoted by his friends as saying that Norfolk and Western's dividend is sure to be raised to 4 per cent. this year.

Commodity prices, according to Dun, are rapidly falling. On April 1 price was 99.2, against 101.9 a month earlier, and 102.4 one year ago.

FARM AND GARDEN

MONEY IN MELONS.

Although not a professional grower, I have had considerable experience in raising melons for home use to raise and profitable. The land selected was a rich, blacky sand, loam which had been used for a pasture. While the land was new very little fertilizer was needed, but after two or three crops had been taken about twenty loads of manure per acre were plowed under, and a shovelful of well rottted manure and a handful of bone meal mixed with the soil of each hill. The ground, which was sheltered on the north by a hill, was plowed in the fall, cross plowed in the spring, and well harrowed. When the weather was warm enough to plant corn, the ground was furrowed out, six feet apart each way for watermelons, and four or five seeds planted in each hill. We found it better to take the chance of losing the first planting by frost than to delay until all danger was past, for the profit in a crop of melons depends on the time of marketing,

As the rough leaves appear, the plants were thinned to three in a hill, and the ground cultivated thoroughly till the vines began to run; then the tips of the vines were pinched off to cause the growth of the lateral branches which bear the fruit. When we had a fine early stand of melons, and there was prospect of a frost, we covered the hills with pieces of paper, held in place by chunks of earth, or old berry boxes.

The enemies with which we had to contend were the cutworm, the squash bug, and the striped beetle. The green lice that are found on the under side of the leaf seldom troubled the vines, and when they did appear they were quickly disposed of by burning the leaves on which they were found. To destroy cut worms we mixed bran with molasses or sweetened water, added a little Paris green, and placed some of the mixture near the young plants as soon as they came through the ground. For the squash bug we sprinkled the vines with gypsum, or plaster, and renewed when it was washed off by rain. Ashes or air slaked lime will do, but are apt to injure the vines. The striped beetle lays its egg on the stem near the ground, and the small grubs go down and feed on the roots. Strong tobacco water around the stem when the beetles are first seen, and again in a few days, will settle these pests. It may be necessary to repeat the treatment of the vines begin to wilt.

Our market (besides our own table) was a town of four thousand inhabitants, and the kinds that suited our customers best were Cole's Early and Sweetheart watermelons, and Early Hackensack, Netted Gem, Miller's Cream, and Rocky Ford muskmelons. When the curl and small left next to the stem are dead, and the fruit gives a dull sound when thumped, you may be reasonably sure that the watermelon is ripe. The indications of ripeness in the musk melon are the fragrant odor, the softness of the blossom end, and the ready parting of the stem. We did not make a fortune growing melons, but after mistakes and mishaps were reckoned with the profit was more than $100 an acre.—M. W. in Indiana Farmer.

MOISTURE IN THE SOIL.

It is well known that wet land will produce only a few classes of aquatic or semi-aquatic plants, and yet the success of farming depends upon the retention of moisture in the soil. This apparent contradiction is not very well understood by the mass of farmers. The ordinary farm crops will not gow in soil that contains water—they will not grow in soil that does not contain water. We must draw the line between the sufficiency and the excess. And another marked feature is the fact that generally the excessively wet ground soonest becomes excessivly dry.

Hence the ideal soil for cultivation and for growing our important field crops is that which soonest throws off all excess of water and longest retains the quantity which we call moisture. The value of underdraining is an aid to this very thing. The fact that there is a channel beneath the surface ever ready to carry off the water after it has pecolated through from the surface, keeps all the ground above the drain porous so that the excess of water may readily find its way through to the drains, and, being porous, the particles catch and hold minute drops and thus retain moisture.

Deep plowing and keeping the land constantly stirred has this same effect, and that is the chief value of what we call cultivation. But clay lands that have been long run to cultivated crops lose their humus, decayed and decaying vegetable matter whose particles hold the earth particles apart, and make the ground porous, and such land runs together as a result of each wetting. The moisture then quickly dries out and the crops can not grow.

In such case, it is up to the farmer to restore the humus to the soil and make it porous again as it was originally from the forest leaves and the decaying roots and stems of the plants of ages. This indicates the turning under of green crops, and perhaps the farmer has no surer and better means of restoring the poductivity of his fields than turning under a succession of growths whether green or ripened. The object is not so much to add fertility as to restore the humus, to make the ground porous so that it will readily give off the excess of water, but retain with a giant's grasp the small particles that constitute moisture. For this purpose the clovers and all the legums are the most valuable, but any vegetable growths that will decay within the soil are valuable—Up-to-Date Farming.

BEGINNING WITH TURKEYS.

The following clipped from the Woman's Magazine, is very good instruction for persons who wish to begin to raise turkeys, though we think two weeks longer than necessary to keep the young turkeys confined in the first place, though much depends upon the weather. Their pen or coop must be kept clean, and there must be an untiring watch for lice:

The best and easiest way to make a start in the raising of turkeys is to buy a couple of settings of eggs from a reliable poultryman or dealer as early in the spring as possible, and place them under common hens which are known to be good setters When the eggs are hatched the mother hen should be confined in a close and rather well-sheltered pen, which will allow the young turkeys free ingress and egress. After they are a couple of weeks old the hens may be allowed to take her brood on the run on warm days, and after the turkeys are a month old they may be given perfect freedom if the weather is favorable. They may be given cracked wheat in addition to their other food, and will need but little further attention. Turkeys thrive much better if allowed to roost in the open and expensive poultry houses are not necessary. April and May are the best months for hatching turkeys.

ABOUT THE SOW.

Don't be in too big a hurry to dispose of the old sow. There may be danger that the large sow may overlay or injure some of her pigs, but it is worth while to give her a little more attention until the pigs are old enough to take care of themselves which will not take many days. The practice of raising pigs from young sows all the time weakens the vitality and reduces the size of the hogs. Pigs from a well matured sow are the strongest and best.

A GOOD HINT.

Do you milk the cows in the same bucket, and pay no attention as to which gives much milk or little, and as to which one's milk makes the most cream and the best butter? That is neither progress nor up-to-date. A cow is a cow when it comes to feeding, but there is a great difference when it comes to milking and making butter. You are entitled to the best, and you ought to have it.

PASTURING THE STOCK.

Let the stock go on the pasture gradually. We have seen Uncle Threadbare shut off full winter feed in a single day, and drive his cattle out on the pasture that was just beginning to show a hint of green. The old man would growl if he were suddenly shut off from a diet of biscuit and ham and eggs, and put suddenly on a diet of corn bread and molasses. He forgets that "the merciful man is mindful of his beast."

EARLY TOMATOES.

It is very easy to have early tomato plants. They may be started in February in a box of good soil, kept moist, and in a warm place in the house, on sunny days near a window where the sun may shine upon it. Good early plants may be had by this simple method.

The Number of Presidents.

"It is curious to note the number of mistakes made in well-informed quarters," said a thoughtful man "Here is a Boston paper which calmly remarks that Mr. Theodore Roosevelt is our twenty-ninth President.' He is not. Nor is his the twenty-ninth Presidential term. The facts are thus stated: The first Presidential term began March 4, 1789, though the President was not actually inaugurated till April 30. On March 4, 1905, twenty-nine terms of four years each were completed and the thirtieth term began. As to the separate individuals who have held the office of President of the United States, they are, in their order, Washington, John Adams, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, John Quincy Adams, Jackson, Van Buren, William Henry Harrison, Tyler, Polk, Taylor, Fillmore, Pierce, Buchanan, Lincoln, Johnson, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, Cleveland, Benjamin Harrison, McKinley and Roosevelt—twenty-five, and no more. Of these nine have been elected for a second term; but two, Lincoln and McKinley, were killed soon after the second term began, Tyler, Fillmore, Johnson and Arthur became President without having been elected to that office, and each served but a fraction of a term. Mr. Roosevelt became President in the same way, but has made a new record by subsequent election to the office which he first held by succession under the Constitution."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

5 Gallons Paint for $2.75

It's **cheaper** to buy our paint at our low price and put it on your house, barn—any building, and on the fence, than it is to let the place look like sixty and the buildings go to ruin through exposure to the weather.

We have a good paint at $2.75 for a five gallon pail—all mixed and fixed, enough to cover 1,000 square feet **two coats.** This paint is all right for the barn and farm buildings, and roofs and fences, but not fine enough for your house.

This is the best cheap paint we know of, and the best **for the price** and for the purpose we ever saw. It is 48c a gallon in barrels or half barrels. Colors, brick red, dark brown, brownish yellow, bluish slate, grey slate.

Paint your house

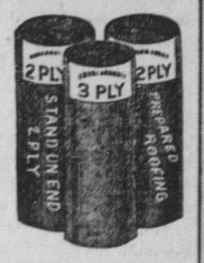
inside or out—any color—with our celebrated **Tower Brand Ready Mixed Paint,** and have the satisfaction of a good job economically done. Every gallon will cover **300 square feet two coats,** a 50 per cent greater covering capacity than any cheap paint. You don't have to paint every year, either, if you use Tower Brand, for it is extra durable, and lasts **from 5 to 8 years.**

You send to us now for our **1905 Paint Color Card and Samples,** tell us what you intend to paint, and we will tell you the best and most economical paint to use, and how to use it, just what it will cost and all about it. No. 8

Fix that Leaky Roof.

A few rolls of our **Roofing Felt** will give you the cheapest and at the same time the most durable roof—cheaper than shingles, and as lasting as the rest of the building, if put on right. You can put it on over old shingles if you want to.

Only highest grade materials used in our Ready Roofing, and anyone can put it on. One roll will **cover** 100 square feet, as we **give** you 8 square feet extra to allow for side and end **laps.** Some dealers don't. Our price does not include roofing nails or caps, nor roofing cement. With each roll you should have 1 lb. of our roofing nails, 4c; 1½ lbs. roofing caps at 5c; and two gallons cement. Cement is 11c a gallon in 36 or 50 gallon barrels, or 23c a gallon in 4 gallon cans.



Two-ply Ready Roofing Felt, in lots of 5 rolls or over, per roll 63c. Weighs 45 lbs. per roll. A single roll is 65c.

Three-ply, in lots of 5 rolls or over, per roll, 90c. Weighs, 70 lbs. A single roll is 93c. We have other roofing, all kinds, at prices to suit you. Write for free samples and information.

Montgomery Ward & Co. Michigan Ave. Madison and Washington Sts. **Chicago**

OLD HANDLE GROWS TO TREE.

York, Pa., Residents Declare Part of Aged Parasol Took Root.

The handle of an old parasol, which has taken root in the ground and grown to a tree in the yard of Joseph A. Wisner in York, Pa., is attracting attention from naturalists and men of science. A score of reputable residents testify to the truthfulness of the story, and only for fear of vandals the curiosity would be transplanted to one of the public squares.

In 1865 the parasol was presented to Miss Susan Shuey, who afterward married Jacob Kohler and still lives in the county. Several years ago Mrs. Gohler utilized the handle to support a rosebush in her dooryard. Months afterward it was discovered that it had taken root and sprouted. It became an object of curiosity for the entire countryside. One night some one attempted to carry it off, and succeeded in tearing away a number of branches. When Mrs. Kohler moved away from York she intrusted the "parasol tree," as it was called, to the care of Mr. and Mrs. Wisner, who have carefully transplanted it to their own yard and nourished it ever since.

It is asserted that on the night of Mr. Kohler's death the metal spring, which had remained in the handle until that time, fell off.

The handle continued to thrive, and is now a good-sized young tree. Each summer it bears beautiful little star-shaped flowers, something like forget-me-nots, and berries. The latter never ripen, but shrivel before maturity.

Good Game for the Evening.

Here is a jolly game. It consists of answering questions which are puns on the abbreviation of our various state names.

Pass around sheets of paper for the different players to write them on, announce one and one-half minutes for each answer, and then begin reading out the questions:

1—Which is the most religious state?
2—Which is the most egotistical state?
3—Which is the state where untidy folk ought to live?
4—Which is the father of states?
5—Which is the maiden state?
6—Which is the state for pupils having lessons to study?
7—Which is the best state for miners?
8—Which is the most unhealthy state?
9—Which is the state best fitted to heal the sick?
10—Which is the decimal state?
11—Which is the best state in case of a flood?
12—Which is the state of surprise or exclamation?

The answers are:
1—Massachusetts. 2—Maine. 3—Washington. 4—Pennsylvania. 5—Mississippi. 6—Connecticut. 7—Oregon. 8—Illinois. 9—Maryland. 10—Tennessee. 11—Arkansas. 12—Ohio.

Inexhaustible Bottle.

Bring forward an empty bottle, which wash before the company and drain to show that it is clean and empty; but after being wetted it wants wiping. So your confederate brings a napkin with which you wipe the bottle, as much after the fashion of a waiter as you can, but, of course, not being used to this work, rather clumsily; in the napkin is concealed a weak preparation of spirits of wine, sugar and water in a bladder, and thus in the face of the audience you fill the bottle without their knowing it. The different liquors part of the illusion is thus managed. The glasses are arranged on the tray in a definite manner known to the magician; into each glass one drop of various flavoring essences is placed, such as essence of noyau, essence of brandy, essence of port or sherry, lemonade, peppermint, cloves, pineapple, pears, etc.; these being filled up with the spirits of wine, according to what is called for by the audience, completes the illusion of the inexhaustible bottle.

Queer Find in Coal.

Frederick Feiler, weighmaster of No. 11, found a rock in No. 11 mine one day recently, imbedded in a vein of coal that was the exact reproduction of a human foot and a portion of the leg half way to the knee.

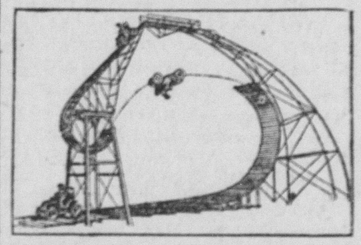
The ankle and heel were perfect, but the toes had crumbled away. The rock was of a dark brown color and had every appearance of having been hidden away in this vein of coal for ages.—Earlington Bee

THE "DIP OF DEATH."

Daring Woman Leaps Through Vacant Space in Automobile.

The framework which supports the runways is as high as a four-story building. It is of the finest steel tubing and weighs many tons. The general shape of the apparatus suggests the hump of a buffalo. At the apex is a small platform. One side of the steel framework supports an incline that curves inward at its lower extremity like the tail of a monster letter "S." The other section of the framework holds a curved runway that begins, half-moon shape, fifty feet in the air, and straightens out into an easy incline as it approaches the ground.

When the time is ripe for the "Dip



of Death" the auto is raised to the elevated platform by means of a wire cable. This is done to afford the spectators an opportunity to see the machine and to study its construction. When the automobile has been placed on its elevated pedestal the automobilist ascends, takes her seat, grasps the levers and prepares for her thrilling flight. No unnecessary time is consumed in the preparations. The suspense is not prolonged. Almost before the crowd has nerved itself for the ordeal the word is given and the auto starts upon its thrilling journey.

For two-thirds of its course the automobile is running right side up. But at the top of the loop there is a vacant space forty-five feet across. Just before the machine gets here it is turned upside down by following the curve of the loop.

Across the yawning chasm the auto leaps. It is upside down. Mlle. Mauricia is held in her seat by the same centrifugal force that keeps the auto up in position as it flies unsupported through space. Now the machine alights, still upside down, on the opposite side of the gap, quickly rights itself by following the curve of the incline and goes rushing earthward with the speed of an express train

Pine Tree Shilling.

Marshall Priest of Marlboro, Mass., has a silver American coin which he claims is the oldest piece of money made in this country, now in existence. The coin is what is known as a Pine Tree shilling, and is dated 1652. The piece of money is in good condition, the date and other markings being easily made out.

Cultivator

F. O. B. Chicago or Kansas City **$11.25**

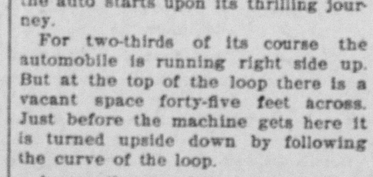
Latest improved spring action walking Cultivator, adjustible to different width rows and varying depths. Best soft center steel shovels, adjustable steel wheels and arch; strongly braced frame. If it does not suit, send it back and we will pay all freights. **Why Pay Two or Three Profits?**

Send for Implement List

20 to 40 per cent saving. Quick shipments, most liberal and satisfactory offer ever made. 1,000 orders a day in our Implement Division. Send for Implement List at once.

All Steel Sulky Plow for	$25.00
60-Tooth Steel Lever Harrow	8.65
Disc Harrow	16.25
Corn Drill	8.10
Steel Land Roller	16.50

Standard makes from Large Factories



Montgomery Ward & Co.
Michigan Ave., Madison and Washington Sts.
CHICAGO

LIVERY

Special Effort made to Accommodate Commercial Travelers.....

D. A. BOOZER

Centre Hall, Pa. Penn'a R. R

ATTORNEYS.

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
No. 19 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to

S. D. GETTIG JNO. J. BOWER W. D. ZERBY
GETTIG, BOWER & ZERBY
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EAGLE BLOCK
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Successors to ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS
Consultation in English and German.

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank. jy9.

W. G. RUNKLE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
All kinds of legal business attended to promptly Special attention given to collections. Office, 2d floor Crider's Exchange. jy9

N. B. SPANGLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building. jy9

Old Fort Hotel

EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor.
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

Spring Mills Hotel

SPRING MILLS, PA.
PHILIP DRUMM, Prop.
First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains. Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

Penn's Valley Banking Company

CENTRE HALL, PA.
W. B. MINGLE, Cashier
Receives Deposits . .
Discounts Notes . . .

Jno. F. Gray & Son
(Successors to . . . GRANT HOOVER)
Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST . . . .
No Mutuals
No Assessments

Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.

Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Telephone Connection

PATENTS
50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

OVER 76 MILLIONS
Represented in the
FREDERICK K. FOSTER AGENCY
WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE....
The Largest and Best
Accident Ins. Companies
Bonds of Every Description Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.
Also, District Agent for . . .
The Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

SHOE
Come to our store and you will be convinced of a few facts in Footwear . . . . . .
....C. A. KRAPE....
SPRING MILLS, PA.

To save money and to have a clean job of PAPER HANGING or PAINTING done, go to—
..P. R. Auman..
SPRING MILLS, PA.
Wall Paper Furnished at 3c. per Bolt and Up. . . .

...LEE'S...
NEW LIFE TEA
ALWAYS CURES
CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE,
And imparts new life to the whole system. At all druggists and dealers, 25c, or sent by mail, if your dealer will not supply you. Address, John D. Langham, Holley, N. Y.
For sale by J. Frank Smith, Centre Hall, Pa.

LADIES

Safe, Quick, Reliable Regulator
Superior to other remedies sold at high prices. Cure guaranteed. Successfully used by over 200,000 Women. Price, 25 Cents, druggists or by mail. Testimonials & booklet free.
Dr. LaFranco, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1905.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning, communion, services Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, preparatory service Saturday afternoon; Union, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning, communion, preparatory service Friday evening; Tusseyville, afternoon.

Methodist—Sprucetown, morning, communion, preparatory service Saturday evening; Centre Hall, afternoon, communion, preparatory service Thursday and Friday evenings; Spring Mills, evening.

Presbyterian—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Boalsburg Reformed—Houserville, morning, communion; Boalsburg, afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR TREASURER: F. K. WHITE.

We are authorized to announce that F. K. White, of the Borough of Philipsburg, is a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF: ELLIS S. SHAFFER.

We are authorized to announce that Ellis S. Shaffer, of Miles township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR RECORDER: J. C. ROWE.

We are authorized to announce that J. C. Rowe is a candidate for the office of Recorder, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER: J. D. MILLER.

We are authorized to announce that J. D. Miller, of the township of Walker, is a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR COMMISSIONER: WM. H. FRY.

We are authorized to announce that William H. Fry, of Ferguson township, is a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR REGISTER: H. J. JACKSON.

We are authorized to announce that H. J. Jackson, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for the office of Register subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR REGISTER: D. WAGNER GEISS.

We are authorized to announce that D. Wagner Geiss, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR COMMISSIONER: C. A. WEAVER.

We are authorized to announce that C. A. Weaver, of Penn township, is a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR: JAMES W. SWABB.

We are authorized to announce that James W. Swabb, of Harris township, is a candidate for the office of County Auditor, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

Dillon and Green Must Hang.

Every effort to save the necks of Green and Dillon has been made, and all have proven fruitless. They must hang May 9th. The board of pardons positively refused to interfere with the execution of the law in their case.

Meeting of Centre County Grange.

The Centre County Pomona Grange will hold its second quarterly meeting in the hall of Washington Grange, near State College, Friday, May 26th. There will be two sessions, 9.30 a. m. and 1.30 p. m.

GEORGE DALE, Master.
D. M. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

The Court and License.

The action of the Court in the granting of liquor licenses needs no apology nor defense. That is the judgment of the great majority of the citizens of Centre county, who will refuse to admit that the granting of licenses is the chief prerogative of the Court. The people on the South side of Centre county are content to leave the granting of liquor license wholly to the Court, where it belongs. The sooner the silly babbling in this connection is ended the better.

Horse Company Formed.

The following gentlemen, F. H. Clemson, F. W. Krumrine, Adam Krumrine, A. F. Markel, George B. Thompson, W. C. Meyer, B. D. Thomas, John H. Breon, E. W. Hess, Newton E. Hess, and Charles H. Foster, mostly from College, Ferguson, Patton and Harris Townships, have formed a horse company and purchased a French Percheron stallion, gray in color. The animal was purchased from a salesman representing the Hartman Stock Farm, of Columbus, Ohio.

Meeting of Progress Grange.

The following program has been prepared for the meeting of Progress Grange Saturday afternoon, 2 o'clock:

What should be planted in farmers' gardens to give a proper succession of vegetables for the table.—J. J. Arney.

Recitation, Miss Annie Durst.

Technical agricultural education for farmers' families.—Fergus Potter.

Song by the Grange.

Planting and cultivation of strawberries.—The Lecturer.

Select reading, Mrs. David Bradford.

How can the Grange afford the best educational advantages to the people of rural communities?—J. A. Keller.

Song, Miss Sarah Breon.

Reduced Rates to Pacific Coast Points.

On account of the Lewis and Clark Exposition, at Portland, Ore., June 1 to October 15, and various conventions to be held in cities on the Pacific Coast during the summer, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets on specified dates, from all stations on its lines, to San Francisco and Los Angeles, April 9 to September 27; to Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Victoria, Vancouver and San Diego, May 22 to September 27, at greatly reduced rates.

For dates of sale and specific information concerning rates and routes, consult nearest ticket agent. (3)

You can lead a boy to college, but you can't make him think.

WHEAT IS NOT KING.

Corn Has Usurped Its Dominion As the Leading Agricultural Product.

Recent warnings by the Department of Agriculture that the American wheat crop is threatened with exhaustion is echoed by conditions pertaining to the crop in the northwest this spring. For several years the acreage of wheat has been dimishing in Iowa, Nebraska, and South Dakota. This year, according to reports from the fields, shows a larger reduction than in any single preceding year; and this, too, in a time when wheat is commanding a very high price. Farmers in northern Iowa twenty years ago made wheat their chief crop. They had little live stock, and wheat could be turned into ready money promptly. But as soon as they got into stock they dropped wheat in favor of corn and forage crops. Nebraska is having the same experience. South Dakota was once almost entirely a wheat state. It was supposed that it would not produce good corn. But now it is one of the good corn states, and now corn is crowding out the wheat. In southern Minnesota grades of corn are being developed that will mature safely, and corn is crowding wheat out of even the greatest wheat state. North Dakota cannot raise wheat because it is too far north; but even there the tendency is away from wheat and toward forage crops that will make live stock more profitable. It is freely predicted by western mill men that American wheat will in a few years be unequal to the American demand.

Died in California.

Philip J. Bugbee, died in San Jose, California, after a very brief illness. He suffered from a growth near the heart, and a short time prior to his death was informed that an operation was necessary. He was born in New Orleans, 1850, and when two years old went with his family to the Pacific coast. Mr. Bugbee was the husband of Mary Meyer, sister of D. J. Meyer, of this place. Mrs. Bugbee and two daughters survive.

Birthday Surprise Party.

One of the largest parties of this kind enjoyed by the young people of Spring Mills and vicinity was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Corman, Saturday evening, in honor of their daughter, Miss Anna. There were present one hundred and ten guests. After the refreshments were served the company was treated to music and spent the time in a social way. Miss Corman received many pretty gifts, amounting, it is said, to fully fifty dollars, from her friends.

LOCALS.

Day laborers are scarce.

Oats and barley are being sown this week.

Miss May Rhone was home from Harrisburg over Sunday.

The library in Grange Arcadia will be open to the public Saturday afternoon from 4 to 5 o'clock.

Jared Kreamer, of Rebersburg, was in town last week. He was formerly a resident of this place, and when here feels quite at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Osman, of Altoona, were in town Saturday. They had been visiting their former home in Harris township.

The Hospital Aid Society will meet Monday evening at the home of Mrs. W. Frank Bradford. A full attendance of the members is desired.

The only candidate to announce for the office of county auditor on the south side of Centre county is James W. Swabb, of Harris. See his card under political announcements.

Prof. Warren P. Smiley, who died at Pine Grove Mills a short time ago, and whose death was mentioned in the Reporter of last week, was the husband of Ella Goss, well known in Centre Hall.

A missionary service under the auspices of the C. E. Society will be held in the Presbyterian church Sunday evening at 7.30 o'clock. An address on missions will be made by Dr. Boal. All are cordially invited.

C. A. Weaver, of Penn township, announces his name in this issue for the office of county commissioner. Mr. Weaver is a well-known Democrat and has to his credit many years of work for Democratic success in Centre county.

Prof. James Bright, professor of Language in Johns Hopkins University, is in Centre county, and beginning of this week was the guest of his brother, Dr. John Bright, of Rebersburg. Prof. Bright was born in Aaronsburg, and is probably one of the most scholarly gentlemen credited to Centre county.

The second choice scheme worked on Harry Allison, of Gregg, could not be brought into play when the commissioners were named. Mr. Underwood made an effort to profit by the second choice ruling, but he ran against a snag, and was told that outside parties had no right to say a word in the convention. But when the old and heretofore unused rule was found to serve the "leaders" to place their man and shut out Penns Valley, Chairman-to-be Quigley, a spectator, was on his feet in a jiffy in the interest of his pet candidate, Mr. Swartz, and the result was magic like.

DEATHS.

GEORGE W. KOCH.

George W. Koch, for many years a resident of Potter township, died at his home a short distance east of Centre Hall, Wednesday evening of last week, after an illness that confined him to bed for a period of five weeks. Mr. Koch had been ailing for several years, most of his ailments, however, were incident to age, he having attained the age of seventy years, six months. Interment took place at Centre Hall, Saturday morning, Rev. Daniel Gress and Rev. J. M. Rearick, officiating. The ceremonies at the grave were conducted by the order of Free Masons, of which the deceased was a member.

Mr. Koch was twice married. His first wife was Miss Catharine Wagner, daughter of John Wagner, deceased. His surviving widow was Miss Susan Bower. Two children—Samuel T., lately of Darragh, and Mary, wife of J. Finn Stover, of Cuddy—also survive.

Mr. Koch was a plasterer by trade and followed the same until age forbid active work. He was a prominent Democrat in his district, and was a candidate at the primaries for Legislative honors. He was a man of ready wit and a good companion when one was threatened with the blues.

He was a member of the 100th Illinois Regiment, Company D, being a volunteer. He enlisted from Will county, Illinois, and his services extended over a period of thirty-four months.

HENRY MOYER.

Henry Moyer, a life long resident of the south side of Potter township, died at his home near Tusseyville, Friday night of dropsy. Interment took place at Tusseyville Tuesday, Rev. Daniel Gress, of the Reformed church, to which faith the deceased adhered, officiating. He had been ill for several months, and for the last few weeks of his life death was expected at most any time.

The deceased was a farmer by occupation and was a prominent figure in the locality in which he lived. Two brothers survive, namely, John, of Tusseyville and Frederick, of Penn Hall. Mrs. Henry Smith, deceased, was also a sister. The surviving children are William, who with his family lived with the aged father and mother; Maggie, Mrs. Charles B. Neff, Centre Hall; Jennie, wife of William F. Rockey, Tusseyville; Kate, wife of George Lee, Tusseyville; Mary, wife Ezra Ripka, Lewistown; and Myra, at home.

DANIEL S. MILLER.

Daniel S. Miller died at Kantz, Snyder county, 17th inst., aged sixty-eight years. He was a veteran of the Civil war, having served four years in Company G, 51st Regiment, P. V. He was twice desperately wounded in battle—once through the left hand, badly crippling the same. He refused the offered discharge, went back to his regiment and remained with it to the end. In 1886 he was married to Miss Sarah Meyer daughter of the late Maj. John Meyer, of Rebersburg.

Surviving him are his wife and two brothers, George and Frederick Miller, of Freeburg.

CHRISTOPHER SHOPE.

Christopher Shope, a respected resident of Milesburg, died Friday morning at the home of his son-in-law, John Jodon, of that place. Death was due to paralysis. The deceased who was eighty-six years old was born in Boggs Township, and during most of his active life he was engaged in farming. His wife died about twenty-two years ago. He is survived by the following children: Mrs. Jennie Coxey, of Altoona; Mrs. Carolina Jodon, of Milesburg; Mrs. William Green, Gum Stump; Mrs. Richard Hall, of Johnstown.

MRS. MARY TYSON.

Mrs. Mary Tyson, widow of the late Jacob S. Tyson, died at the home of her son-in-law, Adam Kahl, near Greenburr, in Sugar Valley, after a short illness of pneumonia, aged sixty-five years. The deceased was a lady of wide acquaintance in her home valley and was held in high esteem for her womanly and amiable qualities. She is survived by two sons, John, of near Loganton, William, of Wolfe's Store, and two daughters, Mrs. K. C. Frank, of Loganton, and Mrs. Adam Kahl, with whom she made her home.

THOMAS KENNEDY.

Thomas Kennedy, a well known farmer of the Buffalo Run Valley, died at his home on the McKnight, farm near Hunter's Park. He had been ailing for some time and his death was due to the infirmities of old age. He was seventy-five years of age and is survived by his aged wife.

MRS. JOSEPH W. RIGHTNOUR.

After a prolonged illness, Mrs. Joseph W. Rightnour died at her home in Bellefonte, aged forty-three years. Her maiden name was Mary, daughter of Joseph Morris, of Worth township. She is survived by her husband and three children.

All kinds of printing done at the Reporter office.

WORK OF THE COURT.

Kessinger, Fultz and Fultz Pleaded Guilty of Larceny and Receiving Stolen Goods—Verdicts in Other Cases.

(Reported by W. Harrison Walker, Esq.)

The regular April term of court commenced Monday morning at 10 o'clock, with Hon. Ellis L. Orvis, President Judge, on the bench. Prothonotary Kimport and Register Archey were in their respective places. Gilbert Burrows, Esq., the official court reporter, arrived in Bellefonte on the 9 o'clock train.

The morning session was taken up by the presentation of motions and petitions by the several members of the Bar. A committee appointed to draft resolutions of respect on the sudden death of Hon. J. Wesley Gephart reported.

The grand jurors were then called whereupon the court appointed Joseph Cedar, of Bellefonte, foreman, and after they were duly sworn and affirmed, instructions were given to them by His Honor. He instructed them that their duties were of a very important character and that the different discussions that took place in the grand jury room, and the statement made by witnesses for the Commonwealth, as well as by the District Attorney, should be regarded with entire secrecy. The court defined very clearly the difference between the grand and petit jurors. He also instructed them in regard to the disposition of the costs in case any bill of indictment was ignored by them.

The constables of the several boroughs and townships of the county then made their quarterly report.

A writ of habeas corpus was asked for in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Chas. Stewart, Howard Stewart and Winfield Gregg, who are now in jail at Bellefonte, charged with aggravated assault and murder of Barney McHugh. The date for the hearing was not fixed by the court, but likely will be during the week.

In the case of Commonwealth vs. Harry Kessinger, Geo. Fultz and Edson Fultz, who were charged for stealing $4500.00 from Michael Eby and Henry Eby, asked for permission to enter their plea of guilty. They also waived finding of the grand jury. These three defendants were each indicted on two counts; first larceny, and second receiving stolen goods. Sentence was suspended until later in the week, when they will be brought before the court for disposition.

[Continued on inside page]

Phosphate at Foreman & Smith's

Foreman & Smith have ordered their second car load of phosphate for the spring trade and are prepared to fill all orders at the lowest possible prices. They have all grades. Call to see them before placing your order.

Do You Want to Make Money?

Of course you do. Let us help you? Sell your cream, eggs and poultry to us and we guarantee that you will be pleased with the returns. Compare our prices with others buying cream, and you will be convinced that we can make money for you. We are now opening new cream routes. If our driver does not pass your place, drop us a line and we will have him call. We always pay the highest market prices for eggs, chickens, ducks and turkeys.

THE HOWARD CREAMERY CORP.
Office—Bellefonte, Pa.

Rheumatic Pains Quickly Relieved.

The excruciating pains characteristic of rheumatism and sciatica are quickly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The great pain relieving power of the liniment has been the surprise and delight of thousands of sufferers. The quick relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Oil and water won't mix, but it's somewhat different with oil stock.

A man may be clothed in his own righteousness, but it doesn't always fit.

The Oliver Typewriter for sale at this office. It is one of the best machines on the market.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Eggs for hatching, S. C. White Leghorn, blanchard strain. o. 23 W. O. GRAMLEY, Spring Mills.

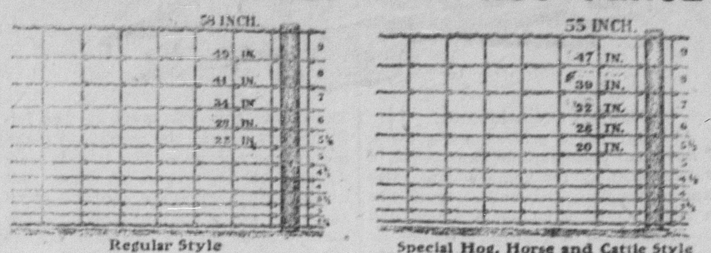
THE SHARPLESS TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR is a short cut, saving half the dairy work. It is a low-down machine. There is no drudgery in washing the simple three piece Dairy Tubular Separator bowl. Avoid bucket bowls. They're all full of troublesome parts. Twenty-six sizes—take the one that will accommodate your herd. Considering the durability of the machine, the price is the lowest of any separator on the market. For further particulars write or apply in person to
H. D. ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills, Pa.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Lewisburg & Tyrone Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 268, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa., on Monday, May 1st, 1905, at 12.30 o'clock p. m., for the election of President and six Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
JAMES R. McCLURE, Secretary.
Room 246 General Office, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—The undersigned will offer at public sale
TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1905, 1 P. M.
a two story dwelling house, four rooms upstairs and three down stairs, summer kitchen, stable and quarter acre lot located on Church street, Centre Hall, and known as the John Neff property. This property is in good condition. House is weatherboarded and painted, and needs no repairs. Good fruit and running water.
TERMS of sale—One-half cash on day of sale, balance on delivery of deed
W. A. Sandoe, Agent. MARY A. NEFF, Bethany, Ill.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

AMERICAN FIELD AND HOG FENCE



Regular Style
Stays 12 in. or 6 in. apart

Special Hog, Horse and Cattle Style
Stays 12 in. or 6 in. apart

Made of large, strong, high-grade steel wires, heavily galvanized. Amply provides for expansion and contraction. Is practically everlasting. Never goes wrong, no matter how great a strain is put on it. Does not mutilate, but **does**, efficiently, **turn cattle, horses, hogs and pigs.**

EVERY ROD OF AMERICAN FENCE GUARANTEED

by the manufacturers and by us. Call and see it. Can show you how it will save you money and fence your fields so they will stay fenced.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of all styles of this fencing for the lawn and farm at the lowest prices.

WM. H. NOLL, JR., & BRO.
PLEASANT GAP, PA.

TO THE FRONT IN BATTLE!!

7-Piece Oak Chamber Suit - - - - $17.50
Side Boards - - - - - - - - - $8.25
Same, Quartered Oak and Polished $22.50
Fair Mattresses - - - - - - - $2.50
Rockers—all Shapes and Prices - - $1.25
To the Oak and Polished Rockers - - $6.75
Iron Beds and Springs, complete - - $4.00

Largest Stock Wall Paper in Penns Valley

JOHN SMITH & BRO.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
Embalming Services Free.
SPRING MILLS.

THE BEST SHOES

SHOES - - - - - SHOES

A short time within which to buy Shoes At less than the cost to manufacture them.

As we have been advertising to sell $12,000 worth of shoes by April and we are going to do it. We have still a large lot of them left and have just two weeks to sell them. Now is the time to buy Shoes. We are going to take the balance of them out of our shelves and put them in baskets and on tables and make the price so low that you cannot afford to stay away. Come and see.

YEAGER & DAVIS
BELLEFONTE, PA.
THE SHOE MONEY - SAVERS

YEAGER & DAVIS

A Dollar's Worth for a Dollar

Is a fair and square deal and all that anyone asks for. Your Dollar will go farther, last longer, and the Goods you buy give you more satisfaction if you get them at the

CENTRE HALL Furniture Store

than if you buy elsewhere.

These are not idle words. Read them, Ponder them, come and be convinced.

"Small Profits, More Business"

Is our Motto, and is making it tell and gaining more patrons every day.

Rearick Bros.
Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors . . .
CENTRE HALL